

June 2016 Study Guide

Answers to May 2016 Guide:

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|----------|--|
| 11. True | 1-4-1a |
| 12. D | Sunglasses are legal. 1-5-3 |
| 13. B | False 2-4-3 |
| 14. A | True |
| 15. A | True 1-6-1 |
| 16. C | 9-3-2, 9-3-5 |
| 17. C | 8-5-2a |
| 18. B | 10-4-5d. Last years casebook: 8.5.1D and E |
| 19. A | 3-3-6 |
| 20. A | True 3-7-6 |
| 21. B | False 3-7-2 |
| 22. B | False |
| 23. B | False |
| 24. A | True |
| 25. A | True |

MAY OPINION PLAY: George Demetriou was our arbiter for this play. 100% of you felt this was illegal motion. So did he.

JUNE OPINION PLAY # 1:

K22 punts a “quick kick” from spread formation on third down from his 15 yard line. K22 was five yards behind the snapper. Nonetheless the kick is blocked behind the line of scrimmage at the K13. K22 picks up the blocked kick and runs laterally behind the line of scrimmage. Spotting an open teammate he throws a pass downfield but alas it is dropped and incomplete to a player eligible by position and number.

- A. What is the number of the next down?
- B. Who will next snap the ball?
- C. From what yard line?

JUNE OPINION PLAY#2:

Should our mechanics manual clearly state that PSK does not apply in GHSA overtime? Although potentially rare, the application of this rule would be problematic. Our current manual states ...” fouls are enforced... as they would be in non-overtime periods...”. However, Sir William Palmer of the Knights of Athens found small print on page 85 of the 2015 rule book about a fourth of the way down the following:

10-4-3: Post scrimmage kick enforcement is not applicable in this procedure.

Seems logical. Your thoughts?? Would apply only to field goals and as such fouls by R would be loose ball and revert to the previous spot for enforcement.

The questions this month are geared to younger officials getting into the definitions and the books as you are likely starting to work with them. The July and August guides will be plays only. Have already started to write them. Will have 150-175 question pool that Part II will draw from.

26. An invalid fair catch signal is a signal given after the kick has been caught.
 - A. True
 - B. False
27. A new force can be the result of an illegal kick.
 - A. True
 - B. False
28. Team A is flagged for holding and Team B for roughing the passer. This is an example of a multiple foul.
 - A. True
 - B. False
29. Targeting is an act by any player who takes aim and initiates contact on the opponent above the shoulders with the helmet only.
 - A. True
 - B. False
30. Concerning time outs which statement is FALSE:
 - A. Each team is allowed three time outs per half and unused time outs do not carry over from the first half to the second.

- B. During GHSA overtime each team has one time out per overtime period plus any unused time outs from the fourth quarter.
 - C. An incoming substitute becomes a player when he communicates with an official and as such may call a time out.
 - D. Either team may call consecutive time outs during the same dead ball interval.
31. Concerning GHSA overtime which statement is FALSE:
- A. Offensive possessions begin at the fifteen yard line unless adjusted by penalty enforcement.
 - B. At the start of the third overtime period all trys must be two point attempts.
 - C. Penalties for fouls by Team B during a touchdown by Team A can be enforced on the try or at the succeeding spot.
 - D. Penalties for fouls by Team B on successful field goal by Team A may be enforced from the succeeding spot.
32. While running towards the goal line A25 fumbles at the B3 yard line. The ball bounces off the hands of B23 while still airborne and goes into the end zone where it is recovered by B65. This is a safety.
- A. True
 - B. False
33. Concerning backwards passes which statement is FALSE:
- A. Airborne backward passes may be batted in any direction by any player.
 - B. There are no eligibility restrictions on backward passes. Any player may catch and advance.
 - C. It is legal for any player in possession of a live ball to throw a backwards pass anywhere on the field.
 - D. It is legal to throw a backwards pass from the shotgun formation out of bounds to conserve time.
34. Team K's punt on third down is blocked. K25 recovers the loose ball behind the line of scrimmage and runs for a first down. The clock should start on the ready for the next play.
- A. True
 - B. False
35. Concerning the clock which statement is FALSE:
- A. The clock is always running while the ball is live.
 - B. The clock will start on the ready for play after the conclusion of an injury time out and the ball stayed in bounds on the previous

running play.

- C. Team A's pass is complete in bounds and B24 is flagged for pass interference. After enforcement the clock will start on the ready for play.
 - D. The clock does not start during a free kick on first touching by K.
36. During a down in which time expires, A36 commits offensive pass interference. The period is not extended.
- A. True
 - B. False
37. A12's forward pass is intercepted by B90 at B1 yard line with momentum carrying him into the end zone where he is tackled by the face mask. Team B will next snap the ball from:
- A. Team B sixteen yard line
 - B. Team B 35 yard line
38. Concerning extending the period which statement is FALSE:
- A. If a double foul occurs during a down in which time expires the period is not extended.
 - B. The clock is running between downs. Team A false starts. The clock is restarted after enforcement on the ready for play with time expiring. The period is not extended.
 - C. A10 intentionally grounds a forward pass during a play in which time expires. The period will not be extended.
 - D. During a down in which time expires Team B commits an unsportsmanlike foul and the penalty is accepted. The period will not be extended.
39. During a tackle B55's helmet comes off. The clock is stopped and B55 must be removed from the game for one play unless halftime or overtime intermission occurs.
- A. True
 - B. False
40. On fourth down, A34 is stopped short of a first down. B70 did not make it off the field prior to the snap after being replaced. At the snap he is still inside the numbers. With the penalty Team A is awarded first down. The clock will start on the snap.
- A. True
 - B. False
41. K punts from their 20 yard line on fourth and four yards to go. While the punt is airborne beyond the expanded neutral zone R33 holds at the R45

yard line. The Side Judge is early in his career and instead of simply dropping the flag blows an inadvertent whistle. Team K accepts the penalty. The officials enforce the penalty from the previous spot giving K a first down and start the clock on the snap. This crew is correct.

A. True

B. False

42. B43 intercepts Team A's pass and during the return fumbles with A65 recovering in bounds. Because of a change in possession and a new series being awarded to Team A the Referee starts the clock on the snap. This official is correct.

A. True

B. False

43. Concerning illegal forward passes which statement is FALSE:

A. A forward pass thrown after a change of possession is an illegal forward pass.

B. A forward pass caught by A54 behind the neutral zone is an illegal forward pass.

C. During an illegal forward pass no eligibility restrictions apply.

D. When an illegal forward pass touches the ground the ball becomes dead.

44. A12 is roughed after completing a forward screen pass to A90 who is downed four yards behind the line of scrimmage. This penalty would be enforced from the end of the run.

A. True

B. False

45. Team K punts from their thirty yard line on fourth down. Kick is short bouncing on K37 and goes back behind the line of scrimmage where R10 attempts to recover but muffs the ball. Punter K80 falls on and recovers the ball. The next snap will be by K first and ten at the spot of recovery.

A. True

B. False

46. Concerning penalty enforcement which statement is FALSE:

A. The basic spot for a post scrimmage kick foul is the end of the kick or the 20 yard line if the kick ends in a touchback.

B. The penalty for a non-player foul is enforced from the same spot as dead ball foul.

C. A post scrimmage kick foul can only occur after the kick is beyond

the expanded neutral zone.

- D. If K10 commits an unsportsmanlike foul during a successful field goal the penalty is administered from the succeeding spot.
47. R38 catches the opening kickoff over his shoulder at the three yard line with his momentum carrying him into the end zone. While there he is hit and fumbles. In an effort to recover he muffs the ball out of the end zone. Correctly officiated:
- A. This is a safety
 - B. This is a touchback and R will next snap the ball from the R20
 - C. R will next snap the ball from R2 yard line first and ten
48. A10 drops back to pass on third down and is hit at the A3 yard line. The ball is airborne when B76 bats the ball towards the goal line. It is caught by a falling A29 at the one yard line and momentum carries him into the end zone. Properly officiated:
- A. This is a safety
 - B. This is a touchback
 - C. Under momentum exception A will have the ball at the A1.
49. Team K's pooch free kick to start the game goes out of bounds at the R24 yard line untouched. R14, the deep back came up the sideline to attempt to catch the kick and stepped out of bounds and returned inbounds as the ball bounced out of bounds. Best officiated:
- A. Double foul
 - B. Team R may elect to put the ball in play from the R35, the R24 or rekick from the K35.
50. Concerning a live ball which statement is FALSE:
- A. The ball is live only during a down.
 - B. A dead ball can only become live by a snap or free kick
 - C. After a snap, the ball remains live until the down ends.
 - D. An inadvertent whistle does not cause a live ball to become dead.
51. Concerning a shift which statement is FALSE:
- A. There cannot be an illegal shift unless the ball is snapped.
 - B. Under GHSA guidelines quick shifts in scrimmage kick formation by kicking teams, designed to cause the defense to encroach, are illegal and the kicking team should be penalized.
 - C. A quarterback who has placed his hands under center has shifted.
 - D. QB A12 puts wingback A34 in motion then steps up under center to receive the snap. This is legal.
52. Concerning the number exception which statement is FALSE:

- A. Exception to the numbering requirement is allowed on any down if either type of scrimmage kick formation is used.
 - B. A back may wear a jersey numbered 50-79.
 - C. Unless Team A is legally using scrimmage kick formation they must have at least five linemen numbered 50-79.
 - D. In overtime, on second down, Team A attempts a field goal. The snapper may be any number 1-99.
53. Concerning a false start which statement is FALSE:
- A. When a false start is observed the official should sound his whistle immediately
 - B. A false start is always a dead ball foul
 - C. An interior lineman in a four point stance may lift one hand as long as he is set for one second prior to the snap.
 - D. Any movement by Team A that simulates action at the snap is a false start.
54. Concerning a dead ball which statement is FALSE:
- A. When an illegal forward pass strikes the ground the ball becomes dead.
 - B. When the helmet comes off the tackler in making contact with the runner the ball becomes dead immediately.
 - C. The down is ended and the ball is dead when the runner allows any part of his body other than the hand or foot to touch the ground.
 - D. When any non-scoring kick breaks the plane of R's goal line the ball becomes dead.
55. Concerning fumbles which statement is FALSE:
- A. If the ball is fumbled forward and out of bounds, the next snap will be from the out of bounds spot.
 - B. A fumble on first down is recovered simultaneously by B55 and A34. The ball belongs go Team A.
 - C. A player cannot fumble before gaining possession
 - D. The momentum exception may apply to fumbles inside Team B's five yard line.
 - E. A fumble and a muff are considered the same by definition.
56. Concerning the neutral zone which statement is FALSE:
- A. A forward pass has crossed the neutral zone when the entire ball is beyond the neutral zone.
 - B. The lines of scrimmage and neutral zone are established on the ready for play.

- C. The expanded neutral zone may extended partially into the end zone.
 - D. The snapper's head may be over the neutral zone.
57. Concerning a free kick which statement is FALSE:
- A. If the holder on a free kick is to the right of the kicker and there are three other players to the right of the kicker at the kick the formation is legal.
 - B. It is a free kick infraction if five Team R players are not within five yards of R's free kick line on the ready for play
 - C. All Team K players except the kicker must be within five yards of K's free kick line at the ready for play whistle and until the ball is kicked.
 - D. If any K player touches a free kick before it crosses R's free kick line and before it is touched by any R player it is first touching by K.
58. Under GHSA mechanics the Referee is responsible for determining whether at least four Team K players are on each side of the kicker at the kick. The proper signal of this foul is the encroachment signal placing both hands to the hips.
- A. True
 - B. False
59. Under GHSA six man mechanics, if an ordinary kickoff is expected, the Side Judge and Field Judge both are stationed at Team R's free kick line.
- A. True
 - B. False
60. Concerning kick catch interference which statement is FALSE:
- A. Team K may commit kick catch interference without making contact with a receiver or the ball.
 - B. If K is first to touch a free kick in flight it is kick catch interference whether the touching is in or beyond the neutral zone.
 - C. K may bat a scrimmage kick in flight beyond the neutral zone if no Team R player is in position to catch the ball.
 - D. If K commits kick catch interference R may take an awarded fair catch plus a fifteen yard penalty for the spot of the foul.
 - E. K may commit kick catch interference by being blocked into a receiver by a Team R player.

