Georgia High School Association Competition Cheerleading Guide



2021-2022





GENERAL INFORMATION	1-1
GENERAL DATES AND REGION INFORMATION	1-1
References	
Notice	
IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR ALL COACHES	
Tournaments	
Cheerleading Season	
Camps/Clinics	
Tryouts and Practice	
General Information	
State Personnel	
Uniforms	1-3
COMPETITION TEAMS	1-4
Team Eligibility	
Team Scheduling	
Coaches	
CONDUCTING A TOURNAMENT	2-]
RUNNING A TOURNAMENT	
Tournament Setup	
TOURNAMENT HOST	
Who is a Tournament Host?	
Tournament Host General Information	2-2
Tournament Size	
Middle Schools	
TOURNAMENT HOST RESPONSIBILITIES	
Sanctioned Event Application	
Cheerleading Contract	
Tournament Staff	
Score Sheets	
Obtaining Competition Officials	
Middle School Officials and Judging	
Competition Officials Pay	
Sound Equipment	
Forms	
Copies - Awards	
MATS	2-6
Mat Placement	2-6
COMPETITION DAY	
Flash Photography	
Order of Appearance	
Coaching at a Competition	
Medical Personnel	
Announcer	
Sound Technician	
Scorekeepers	2-10
TOURNAMENT OFFICIALS	3-1
TOURNAMENT OFFICIALS	3-1
Booking Agent	
The Judging Panel	
Keys to Scoring	
Scoresheet Handwriting	
Scoring a Zero	
The Head Judge	

GHSA Competition Cheerleading Guide

Routine Judges	
The Safety Judge	
Citing Violations	3-6
TIMER AND TIMING GUIDELINES	3-7
Music Considerations	3-7
The Timer	
Mechanical Failure	3-8
Timing Infractions	
Injury/Accident Guidelines	
SCORING AND DEDUCTIONS	
SCORERS AND SCOREKEEPING GUIDELINES	4-1
Computerized Scoring	
Electronically Keeping Score	
Manually Keeping Score	
2021 Competitive Cheerleading Master Score Sheet	4-4
DEDUCTIONS	4-5
2 Point Infractions – NFHS/GHSA	
Hair Violations	
Fingernail Clarifications	4-6
Falls	4-6
5 Point Infractions– NFHS/GHSA	
10 Point Infractions – NFHS/GHSA	
Disqualifications	
2021 Competitive Cheerleading Safety Infraction Sheet	
CHEER INTRODUCTION	5-1
Definitions	5-1
Total Team Minus	5-1
Check Boxes	5-1
PANEL A - JUMPS/CHEER/DANCE/ORC	5-2
Definitions	5-2
Level of Jumps DOD	5-2
Cheer	
Dance	
Overall Routine Composition	
Panel A – Jumps/Cheer/Dance/ORC Rubric	
2021 Panel A – Jumps/Cheer/Dance/ORC Score Sheet	
PANEL B - TUMBLING	5-5
Definitions	5-5
Execution – Fall	5-5
Credit Examples	
Panel B – Standing/Running Tumbling Rubric	
2021 Panel B – Standing/Running Tumbling Score Sheet	
PANEL C – PARTNER STUNT/PYRAMIDS	5-9
Definitions	
DOD – Intended Height	5-9
Partner Stunts/Tosses	5-10
Stunt Skills	
Maxing Out in Primary Partner Stunt	
Maxing out in Secondary Partner Stunt/Tosses	
Coed	
Scoring Coed	
Coed Stunt Groups	
Cool Service 7	
Coed - Scoring Zero	
Stunting Execution	
Basket Tosses	<i>3-13</i>



GHSA Competition Cheerleading Guide

Pyramids	5-15
Panel C – Partner Stunts Rubric	5-16
Panel C – Pyramids Rubric	5-17
2021 Panel C – Partner Stunts/Pyramids Score Sheet	5-18
REGION AND STATE TOURNAMENTS	
REGIONAL, SECTIONAL, STATE DATES	6-1
REGIONAL AND SECTIONAL COMPETITIONS	6-2
Regional and Sectional Procedures	6-2
Regional and Sectional Assignments	6-3
SECTIONAL AND STATE CHAMPIONSHIP COMPETITION	6-4
Sectionals	6-4
State Championship	6-4
Flash Photography	6-4
Finances	6-4



Section 1

General Information



General Dates and Region Information

The National Federation Spirit Rules Book will be used for all Georgia High School Association Cheerleading Competition sanctioned events and may be purchased through the GHSA. The GHSA Spirit Manual and Competition Manuals may be found online.

Date	Description
June 1	Deadline to request a regular season sanctioned event/tournament.
August 2	 First Date for Practice. Cheerleading teams are allowed to attend camp after the last day of school up until August 1. No camps or clinics are allowed after August 1.
August 3	Deadline to register for regular season competitions. • Contracts are online.
August 10	Cancellation forms should be submitted to the GHSA office and all entering schools notified.
August 20	Confirmation of tournaments should be submitted to the GHSA office with a list of teams competing. Host must go online to GHSA MIS website (http://app.ghsa.net/) to complete their team list.
August 23 or later	An Athletic Director (AD) or principal must complete a form for each instance a team withdraws from an invitational explaining why they withdrew.
September 1	Competition schedules submitted to the GHSA office online by the competition host.
October 1	Deadline to submit rosters electronically for all competition teams on the GHSA MIS website.
November 13	Region winners determined.Sectionals for all teams.
November 19-20	State Competition.
	• Friday (19th): State Championships for 2A & 4A (morning); 3A & 6A (afternoon)
	• Saturday (20th): State Championships for 1A & 5A (morning); 7A & Coed (afternoon)

References

- Refer to the Georgia High School website (https://www.ghsa.net/) for additional information.
- Refer to the <u>GHSA Constitution & By-Laws</u> (located on the GHSA website home page) for further information and rules governing cheerleading (https://www.ghsa.net/constitution).

Notice

Cheerleading is a sport and does not distinguish between competitive or non-competitive cheer. All cheerleaders must follow all rules that affect sports and cheer. There are several sections which address sports in general. There are rules that affect cheer coaches as well as community coaches. It is important that all coaches and officials be aware of all guidelines and rules for the sport of cheer.

Important Information for All Coaches

Tournaments

• All invitational and region tournaments must be run in the same format as the state tournament.

Cheerleading Season

- Number of regular season contests allowed:
 - 6 Varsity
 - 4 Junior Varsity
- This does not include region and state for varsity.
- **Per GHSA Constitution**: To be eligible to compete in Region/Sectional/State, a team must compete in at least three (3) sanctioned competitions during the competitive regular season in the division declared on the GHSA MIS website form by the date set by GHSA.
- Competition Cheer season ends when a school is eliminated from the regional/sectional or state championship. Practice is <u>not</u> allowed after this point.
- Both spirit and sideline cheerleading season end the last day of school.

Camps/Clinics

- No clinics or camps are allowed during the cheer season.
- No cheer team may attend camps or clinics after August 1 through the end of the school year.

Tryouts and Practice

- There are specific rules that govern tryouts and practice. See GHSA Constitution and By-laws.
- Tryouts must occur in the same ten consecutives days as the other cheer teams in the school. Those trying out for Spirit and Competitive teams must participate in tryouts in the same consecutive days.
- Tryouts may occur after February 1.
- Schools may not bring in outside individuals to conduct their tryouts including national associations, gym, or dance instructors, nor former students except for seniors currently enrolled in their school.
- Practices may occur only during the tryouts. This would be in preparation for the actual tryout. No further practice once tryouts are completed.
- Teams may cheer for the Spring Football game; however, they cannot practice for this game.
- Once the tryouts are completed the team should not practice until school is out for summer.

General Information

- Stomping in the stands is prohibited.
- Regions will determine if events can be televised. See the GHSA Constitution and By-laws page 42: 2.80 Media and filming regulations.

State Personnel

Personnel	Title	Contact
Penny Pitts Mitchell	Associate Director	Penny@GHSA.net
Pam Carter	State Coordinator	Pcarters@AOL.com



Uniforms should be appropriate and follow GHSA Constitutions and By-Laws. All coaches should read and obtain the GHSA Constitution and By-laws concerning cheerleading beyond this guide.

- When in doubt, all coaches should check with the GHSA office when selecting uniforms.
- Traditional cheerleading uniforms should be selected and appropriate to both the sport and for the athletes.
- No midriffs showing or cut outs in the uniform unless cleared through the GHSA office.
- All teams must follow the guidelines concerning skirts for female athletes.
- All teams must follow the rules for male athletes.
- All teams must be wearing the appropriate school colors.
- No glitter or hard jewelry/stones/rhinestones of any kind.
- No jewelry of any kind is allowed.
- Uniforms, monogramming, briefs, socks, etc. cannot be used as signs or props to lead cheers/chants. The only props allowed in competitive cheer are poms. Unauthorized props can result in a disqualification. (*See Scoring and Deduction section*).

	GHSA Constitution and By-Laws
	Section 4: Cheerleading
	Page:53
G. Ci	heerleading apparel is restricted as follows:
1	Male uniform for competition cheerleading will be uniform pants and a top which counterpart those worn by the female teammates. Sideline male cheerleaders may include shorts in place of the pants. Tank tops will not be permitted.
2	Female cheerleaders (sideline & competition) must wear a uniform that fully covers the athlete's entire torso. A skirt or dress should cover the briefs, bloomers, or any spandex material.
3	All athletes must wear the same uniform when performing at a game or competition.

Team Eligibility

- A team may have a roster of more than 16 performers and may use any combination of eligible cheerleaders to make the maximum team of 16.
- If a mascot performs with the team, they will count as one of the 16 performers.
- The mascot will be subject to NFHS and GHSA rules.
- The athletes must currently be enrolled in the school they are representing. Note any exceptions in the GHSA Constitution and By-Laws.
- The athletes participating in the performance must have been declared eligible and cleared by the GHSA office.
- Rosters for post season competition must be submitted electronically on <u>GHSA.net</u> by the deadline. *See General Dates and Information section*.
- Substitutions may be made at any time after the submission. Contact the GHSA State Director immediately to obtain approval of any roster changes.
- Inform the host of any changes in team status or members prior to region/sectional competitions.
- Each school may enter one Varsity Competition Team.
- Only teams which have competed in at least 3 sanctioned tournaments during the season in the division they declare electronically on the GHSA MIS website form by the date set by GHSA are eligible to enter post season competition (See GHSA Constitution and By-Laws; Region/Sectional Competition, page 54).

Team Scheduling

- Each school will select the tournaments they wish to enter prior to the deadline. See General Dates and Information section.
- Varsity teams may be scheduled for up to six (6) invitational tournaments.
- Junior Varsity teams may be scheduled for up to four (4) invitational tournaments.
- No team member may compete in more than a total of six (6) tournaments.
- A Junior Varsity team member competes with the Junior Varsity Team in three (3) events, and she is pulled up to the Varsity. The Varsity team has four (4) events left in the season. The Junior Varsity team member is only allotted six tournaments. The team member would only be able to compete in three of the remaining four competitions with the Varsity team and none with the Junior Varsity.
- A team may not be involved in an exhibition during the cheer season.
- A team may not ask to perform as an exhibition and not be judged at any tournament. Any performance by a Varsity or Junior Varsity team counts as one of their competitions whether they are hosting or select not to receive a trophy. Teams should feel free to compete at a competition they are hosting since the officials are certified GHSA officials.
- Special performance request should be submitted to GHSA for approval.



Coaches

- Coaches are responsible for explaining GHSA procedures, guidelines, and sportsmanship to all athletes and their parents/guardians. Any issues or concerns anyone may have at an invitational or state tournament should be addressed with the local school, coach, and principal, **never** with the officials.
- The coaches, teams, and/or parents/guardians should have no contact with officials prior to, during or after the competition. Any concerns or issues should be addressed by the school coach, Athletic Director, or principal in writing to GHSA or to the GHSA State Coordinator.
- Coaches will follow the instructions on <u>GHSA.net</u> to register for sanctioned events/tournaments/competitions.
- All coaches, team members, and parents should always conduct themselves professionally. Should an incident occur, all are subject to removal from the event. **Sportsmanship** is of utmost importance to the safety of our athletes. Officials may determine if a sportsmanship violation has occurred and a deduction may be issued, or a report filed with the GHSA State Coordinator.

GHSA Constitution and By-Laws 2.70 – Sportsmanship

Pages: 33-35

Rules governing sportsmanship and the NFHS Spirit Rules Book

- 2.78 Unsporting acts committed by players or coaches will be handled as follows:
 - a) If the inappropriate behavior occurs after the expiration of a contest, but while the officials still have jurisdiction as referenced in the NFHS rule book, the official may eject the player or coach and published penalties for ejections will apply.
 - b) If the inappropriate behavior occurs after the officials' jurisdiction has ended, but the official(s) witness the behavior, a Game Report shall be filed with the GHSA office and administrative penalties will be assessed against the school of the guilty parties by the Executive Director.
 - c) In the case of repeat offenders of unsporting acts, the Executive Director will be authorized to levy penalties against the school of the guilty parties regardless of whether or not an ejection has occurred.
- 2.74 Coaches, administrators, contest officials or players are not to make comments to the media that are critical of officials and/or their calls in a game. Penalties that could be imposed by the GHSA Executive Director include fines and/or suspensions.

Rule 2: Section 2 of the NFHS Spirit Rules Book



Section 2

Conducting a Tournament



Running a Tournament

All invitational and region tournaments must be conducted in the same format as the state tournament.

Tournament Setup

All tournaments must be conducted the same to create consistency across the state. The following outlines the required setup. Safety and liability must be considered for each event site.

- There should be three (3) mat areas provided for warm-ups.
- Area one is for stretches and jumps only. No tumbling will be allowed in area one. This area does not have to contain five full mats.
- Area two is for tumbling. This area does not have to contain five full mats but should be safe and provide space for both standing and running tumbling.
- Area three is for stunts and pyramids. Tumbling will be permitted only if time allows. This space **should** contain a full set of competition mats.
- Only **two** coaches can go through rotation of warm-ups and to the competition floor. Credentials should be checked, and coaches cleared for liability reasons.
- All alternates and additional coaches should remain in the designated team or spectator seating.
- The music person should go directly to the music area when the team enters warm-ups.
- Coaches should be prepared and organized for warm-ups and the team should practice the procedures at each invitational in preparation for region, sectionals, and state events.

GHSA Constitution and By-Laws Competition Rules

Page 54

Rules governing sportsmanship and the NFHS Spirit Rules Book

All cheerleading competitions must be conducted according to the rules of the National Federation Spirit Rules Book and the GHSA Competitive Cheerleading Manual. The GHSA cheerleading manuals are posted on the GHSA website. The NFHS Spirit Rules Book may be purchased from the GHSA office.



Who is a Tournament Host?

- All hosts must be familiar with the competition guide, review the guide with the scorekeepers, the music person, and timers prior to the event.
- Appointed by the school and is a member of the host school's personnel. This should **not** be a parent/guardian, or a parent/guardian involved with/in the booster club.
- Is familiar with cheerleading and tournament procedures; has read and reviewed the Georgia High School Association Competition Cheerleading Guide; and all GHSA rules governing competitions.
- Obtain sanctioning from GHSA by the designated deadline to host a tournament. All forms and contracts should be submitted at the **same** time. (See Sanctioned Event Application and Cheerleading Contract)
- All tournament hosts should complete the PowerPoint located on <u>GHSA.net</u>.

Tournament Host General Information

- Hosts must verify they have ample warm up areas complete with mats and adequate space. (*See Tournament Setup*)
- Hosts should adhere to the start time indicated on the contract, if possible. Many coaches choose competitions because of the time listed on the contract.
- Coaches should inform their team and parents/guardians of their competition schedules, so student athletes know when to schedule the SAT/ACT.
- Teams may be charged an entry fee as determined by the host school.

Tournament Size

- It is highly recommended that all sanctioned events have a minimum of **twelve** (12) high school teams, **excluding** middle school. However, the final decision to host a competition will be determined by the school.
- The total number of teams should be limited to **40 high school** teams, **excluding** middle school, to provide adequate warm-up and performance time. If more than 40 high school teams, **not including** middle school, are in attendance, then the tournament host should work closely with the Booking Agent to determine if a second panel of officials is needed.

Middle Schools

- Middle schools may not compete at GHSA sanctioned events. If a middle school tournament is hosted it should be held prior to or after the GHSA sanctioned event and a separate awards ceremony must be held.
- Middle school and high school events will be considered two separate events.
- Either the arena must be <u>cleared</u> of all spectators during the event, or the host school must determine how to account for attendance.
- All sales must be considered when determining the percentage that will be paid to the GHSA for the gate.



Tournament Host Responsibilities

The Tournament Host is responsible for running the competition and must address any issues that may occur with a squad including those with spectators as well as involve security when needed.

The GHSA State office will assign the official's association for your competition.

Sanctioned Event Application

The Tournament Host must complete the following steps to sanction their competition. This is completed in conjunction with the Contract.

Step	Action
1	Log onto the GHSA MIS, click on Sanctioned Event Application.
	 See Sanctioned Event Application – Users Guide located on GHSA MIS for details.
2	Complete and submit the form.
	 The principal must sign the application.

Cheerleading Contract

Once you complete the sanctioned event application, the Tournament Host must complete the Cheerleading Contract. This is completed in conjunction with the Sanctioned Event Application.

Step	Action
1	Log onto the GHSA MIS, click on Scheduling.
2	Click on Contest Contracts
3	Click Cheerleading Contracts.
4	Click the Add Contract button
5	Complete and submit the contract.
	 Your application for Sanctioned Event must be approved prior to the contract approval.

Tournament Staff

Tournament staff consist of individuals who will assist the Tournament Host with team rotation and running the tournament. All tournament staff should be trained by the tournament host.

Tournament staff includes, but not limited to the following:

•	Medical Personnel	•	Timers	•	Sound Personnel
•	Security	•	Gate and Ticket Personnel	•	Announcer
•	Scorekeepers	•	Clean-up	•	Runners

Score Sheets

The Tournament Host must scan and send a copy of the Master Score Sheets of each high school division to Penny@ghsa.net. This must be completed no later than the Monday following the competition.



Obtaining Competition Officials

The Tournament Host should:

- Contact the Booking Agent as **early** as possible to request the panel(s) of officials.
- Obtain contact information for all officials and the Head Judge from the Booking Agent.
- Remain in contact with the Booking Agent and all officials providing details and timelines as well as names of teams competing. This helps ensure no possible conflicts of interest.
- Provide all tournament updates and forms as needed to all officials.
- Provide a meeting place for officials **only** when they arrive. It will serve as a meeting room for before, during a break, and after they are judging. It should be away from all coaches, athletes, and spectators.

Middle School Officials and Judging

- Middle School competitions do not have to use GHSA officials.
- A host can use GHSA officials. If so, the Booking Agent will assign them, and the officials will abide by all GHSA Guidelines, NFHS Safety Rules, and must use the current GHSA scoring rubric and scoresheets.
- When there are more than 16 competitors on the middle school team, the officials will adjust the skills scoring section guide to encompass all team members and their expectations of numbers of skills to be executed.

Competition Officials Pay

The Tournament Host should:

- Obtain information concerning pay directly from the Booking Agent and determine how and when officials will be paid.
- Officials are paid for a **minimum of 12** High School Teams.
 - Officials are paid \$10 per team up to 12 teams; \$8 per team for each team over 12 teams and regular season travel fees.
 - Transportation is paid per the GHSA set fee as defined at the bottom of the GHSA Officials Fee Chart.
 - Click here to view the **GHSA Officials Fee Chart** for invitationals, regions, and sectionals.
- Always check with GHSA for changes that may occur prior to the season for all Varsity and Junior Varsity teams.
- Booking Agents will negotiate fees to judge middle schools and they may negotiate transportation based upon the association rules. The GHSA rate is \$.56 per mile.
- Inform officials as to when they will be paid and serve as a liaison between the officials and the school and/or school system. Invitationals must follow GHSA rules/guidelines concerning pay for sanctioned events.



Sound Equipment

- If allowed by the host, teams must provide their own sound equipment in the warm-up area.
- Guidelines for sound equipment are determined by the host.
- Music in warm-ups cannot interfere with floor performances.
- No sound equipment may be used at the state competition and all music must be appropriate and cued.
- There will be **no** sound checks at region, sectionals, or state competitions.

Forms

The Tournament Host should:

- Provide adequate and up-to-date score sheets, master score sheets, and safety infraction sheets for the officials. Located on www.GHSACheerleading.com or ask your Booking Agent.
- Coordinate the running of the sheets from the officials table to the scoring table. Should any issues arise, remain accessible to the officials and staff.
- Obtain the GHSA Scoring computer program from GHSA.

Copies - Awards

The awards should be displayed for viewing. The Tournament Host should follow these steps for awards.

Step	Action		
1	Ensure that the Head Judge has reviewed and signed the Master Score Sheet.		
	The Head Judge must sign all final tally sheets before any copies are made.		
2	Make a copy of all scoresheets to be maintained at the school.		
3	Make a copy of the Master Score Sheet for each school and the Head Judge.		
	The Head Judge may ask for a copy of the Safety Infraction sheet for each school.		
4	Distribute the original copy of the scoresheet and copies of the Master Score Sheet to each competing coach after the awards presentation.		
5	Report any major issues in writing to the State Coordinator.		

The Tournament Host is responsible for placing the competition mats according to the GHSA directions. The Head Judge will check placement when they arrive and may ask for the mats to be changed to meet requirements. Competition will not begin and may be halted until the mats are correctly placed.

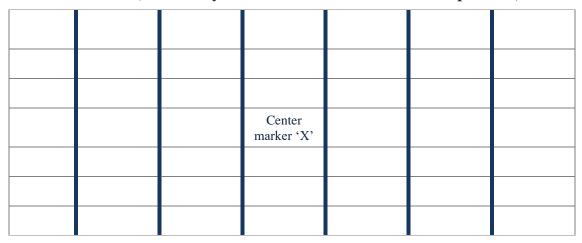
- Mats should be 42' X 42'.
- Mats must be a minimum of 1- and 3/8-inches' thickness.
- Mats cannot be spring floors.
- Mats must be Blue at all GHSA sanctioned events. Strips to mark floor in sections should be blue.
- The competition mat is the competition floor. White tape may be used to mark the center of the mat and around the outside of the mat. This would be a safety precaution for the cheerleader to help them to determine where they are on the mat when tumbling.
- The entire mat is considered the competition floor.
- Out-of-bounds will be considered stepping, tumbling, stunting, dancing, jumping, or performing off the mat. Participants must touch the floor.
- In the case of an injury or accident, mats must be appropriately cleaned of any bodily fluids before the competition can proceed.

Mat Placement

Mats must be placed according to the GHSA rules and failure to do so can result in a penalty for the host school. Please follow the steps for placing the mats and see the drawing.

Step	Action
1	Lay the length of the mats parallel to the officials' table.
	Mat placement: 7 mats wide, 7 mats long.
2	Locate the center by measuring front-to-back and side-to-side.
3	Mark the center with white tape forming an "X".
4	Measure three feet either side of it and this is where the first blue strips will be placed from the back to the front, perpendicular to the officials' table.
5	From there, measure 6' on either side of that line and continue to do so. There will be six lines of blue tape from back to front.
6	White tape may then be placed around the border of the mat to define the ends/edges of the mat.
	 This does not define the boundary and is a safety precaution only.

Back of mat (Team entry should occur at back of the mat if possible.)



Center Front of Mat – Officials' Table



This section discusses important items on competition day.

Once the doors have been opened to spectators, no team should be warming up on the competition mat except for regularly scheduled warm-up rotation.

Flash Photography

Flash photography is <u>prohibited</u> while teams are performing.

- Signs must be posted at all entrances throughout the competition arena stating: **No Flash Photography Permitted**.
- Anyone using flash photography whether on a phone, camera or iPad may be removed from the competition.
- No flashlights, spotlights, cell phone, or iPad lights of any kind can be used during the time a team is competing on the floor.

Order of Appearance

- For an invitational, the order of appearance may be assigned by the host school.
- For travel safety, the support of all teams, and liability reasons specific competition times should <u>not</u> be assigned.
- Teams should know the order of rotation and be given an arrival time to check into the competition. All teams should be present and ready to perform prior to the start time of the competition. **Schedules, if made, are for staff use only.** When putting together a performance rotation for the staff, it is recommended to put a maximum of 7-minutes between each squad's performance.
- Coordinate the rotation schedule and should any emergencies occur consult with the head judge and make any adjustments as needed.
- Teams late to competition and arriving after their division has completed competing will not be allowed to compete. Exhibitions are not allowed.
- Teams incurring music issues should return to the floor immediately. The Head Judge and the Host will determine if a call will be made for **Delay of Meet**.
- The Region/Sectional host shall determine the order of appearance prior to the competition. An independent drawing should be held. In some cases, the Region Secretary will provide an order for competition rotations for that specific region.
- Sectional and State order of appearance is determined by the GHSA.
- Teams incurring injuries may be placed back in rotation or moved to the end of their division. All teams must compete in their division.
 - The coach will determine if a substitute fills in and competes in the place of the injured team member or if the team competes without the team member. (See rules for timing issues.)
 - If the team is the last team in their division, the competition will be placed on hold while decisions are made. If a rotation is occurring, then the division which follows them must wait to start until that team has performed.
 - For safety reasons, teams should be given an opportunity to return and go through warm-ups prior to competing again.
- All teams must compete within their division. Should a team be unable to continue, and their routine is stopped, the Head Judge will determine when the team returns to the floor. They must compete within the rotation of the teams in their division. They cannot be placed in rotation during another division.



Coaching at a Competition

Areas - Spotting

- The competition area includes the warm-up area as well as the performance floor.
- Only certified school coaches and GHSA certified community coaches are eligible to assist teams in any part of the competitive area including warm-ups.
- Only two (2) coaches and the athletes should be in the warm-up area.
- Only <u>two (2)</u> coaches are allowed in the designed coaches' spot in the competition area. All additional coaches and athletes must sit in the stands or designated area provided by the tournament host.
- A list of all coaches including certified community coaches is available through the GHSA. All coaches can be asked to submit credentials and identification. Coaches should be warned to have all credentials with them. Identification or the GHSA pass should be checked at the check-in area.
- Gym staff cannot go into the warm-up area to spot tumbling and stunts unless they are one of the two identified coaches and hold community coach credentials.
- The use of outside spotters is prohibited. Any spotters must be included in the 16 performers.
- The GHSA does not allow for additional spotters in the performance area including warm-ups.
- No unauthorized props may be carried into the competition area, which includes warm-ups, the music area, or the competition floor. This is a **disqualification** for the competition.

Rulings

- All decisions of the officials are final. The GHSA does **not** allow appeals.
- No reviews will occur of scores or videos from the competition of stunts or skills.
- A video filmed at practice may be reviewed for legality of a stunt or pyramid as executed in the video. The officials will determine the final call on all violations that occur on the competition floor.

Music

- At an invitational tournament, the music person may go through warm-ups, but tournaments should ensure the music person remains the same person throughout and has credentials to identify who they are. All alternates and additional coaches, as well as parents, should remain outside of the warm-up/competition area. The music person should not spot tumbling or stunts.
- At region/sectional/state tournaments the music person should go directly to the music area.

Medical Personnel

- All tournaments <u>must</u> have medical personnel present. The tournament host will determine the type personnel needed. It can be the host school trainer, an EMT, or other emergency personnel available to assist in an emergency.
- A team's trainer must remain with the additional coaches and will <u>not</u> be allowed to follow the team through rotations in warm-up for competition unless they are considered one of the two coaches.
- First aid and medical supplies should be available! This includes supplies to clean the mat due to bodily fluids.

Miscellaneous

• Schools needing taping for non-emergency situations should provide their own tape. The team should bring tape and other non-emergency medical supplies with them to the competition.



Announcer

- Will review procedures prior to the beginning of the tournament with the Head Judge and Tournament Director to review procedures prior to rotations beginning.
- Will follow the cues of the Head Judge.
- Will announce teams using the correct procedures as defined by the GHSA.
- Will be aware that cues must be used because of the possibility of Delay of Meet deductions.
- Will be in constant visual contact with the Head Judge throughout the competition and routines in the event the routine should be stopped due to injury.
- Here is the script the announcer must use and when to announce.

When	Announcer Script		
Prior to the beginning of competition and following a break.	"The GHSA and its member schools have made a commitment to promote good sportsmanship by student/athletes, coaches, and spectators at all GHSA sanctioned events. Profanity, degrading remarks, and intimidating actions directed at officials or competitors will not be tolerated and are grounds for removal from the event site. Spectators are not allowed to enter the competition area during warm-ups or while the contest is being conducted. Thank you for your cooperation in the promotion of good sportsmanship at today's event."		
	Taking the floor now is"		
	On deck is"		
	In the hole is"		
Once the team is lined up behind the mat the announcer will announce	", You may take the floor."		
The announcer will then receive a signal from the Head Judge and will announce. • Must wait for a signal from the Head Judge.	", You may begin."		

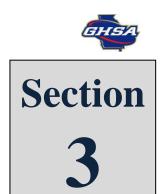


Sound Technician

- Will be responsible for supervising the set-up and operation of the sound equipment.
- Will be responsible for following all the directions of the GHSA procedures. The tournament host is responsible for providing and reviewing procedures with the sound technician.
- Will be responsible for explaining to the tournament host and coaches how the music system works.
- Will remind the coach or person playing music that they are responsible for starting and stopping the music during the competition.
- Will allow for the music person to practice placing the CD into the machine, starting the CD, and stopping the CD.
- The sound technician may insert the CD if needed and remove it if needed.
- Will assist the tournament host and the Head Judge in determining if an error in the sound system or if any performance issues are due to an error of the sound technician.
- Will assist in the determination of the time the music or routine was stopped, in case of injuries, and in case of violations where the routine must be stopped.

Scorekeepers

- Review the Scorekeeping Section beginning on page 3-1.
- All sanctioned events are asked to use the electronic scoring. It may be used along with the manual scoring system.
- Contact the GHSA office or the Cheer Coordinator to obtain a copy of the GHSA Scoring computer program.
- No cell phones permitted at the scoring table.



Tournament Officials

Tournament Officials

GHSA will assign the official's association for all sanctioned events. All tournament officials of GHSA sanctioned competitions must be booked through the Booking Agent for an official's association. Members of an officials' associations may not book themselves as individuals. All officials must be booked through the Booking Agent representing the association.

Booking Agent

The Booking Agent will...

- Coordinate any possible re-assignment of officials due to cancellations of tournaments or officials.
- Provide all officials contact information and assignments to the tournament host and head judge.
- Make tournament assignments and identify who will serve on each panel, assign the roles for each panel
 including Head Judge, Floor and Table Safety. No changes should be made in panels except by the
 approval of the Booking Agent. Any issues should be addressed as early in the season as possible.
- Work directly with other Booking Agents should the agent be unable to fill a panel and need additional officials.
- Ensure there is an understanding of how to pay officials and how the pay will be handled, while keeping the Head Judge and panel informed of the process.
- Ensure the tournament host has or can locate all needed competition items:
 - Panel A, Panel B, and Panel C score sheets; the Safety Infraction sheet
 - Paper and electronic Master Score Sheet
 - A GHSA Competition Guide and to provide sticky notes, only pens
- Make every effort to ensure that all officials have an equal opportunity to judge including shadowing for training purposes and the placement of newer officials with more seasoned officials for training purposes.
- Make decisions through discussions with the Head Judge that an official need further training or is not following the guide, may request an official attend further shadowing and training to improve skills.
- Assist with any request from the host in handling scheduling issues and maintains communication with the host through the tournament.



The Judging Panel

- A panel of officials will consist of **7** officials.
- All officials, including the Head Judge, and their duties for a competition will be assigned by the Booking Agent.
- All officials will be knowledgeable of the score sheet; the Safety Infraction sheet; the GHSA guide/rubric; and the NFHS and GHSA Safety Rules. They will understand all aspects of the routine.
- The Head Judge will be knowledgeable of all GHSA procedures, the Master Score sheet, and the Safety Infraction Sheet.
- The Safety Judge and Panel A will be knowledgeable of the NFHS Safety Rules; GHSA Safety rulings on www.GHSACheerleading.com, and GHSA guidelines/rules.
- The panel will consist of three subpanels. The table below represents the roles, responsibilities, and job of each official and panel.

Panel	Responsible Official	Responsibility and Job		
Panel A	Official 1 & Official 2	 Responsible for scoring jumps, dance, cheer and overall composition. 		
		 Assist the Primary Safety Judge in determining violations and deductions which may have occurred during the routine. 		
Panel B	Official 3 & Official 4	Responsible for scoring running and standing tumbling.		
Panel C	Official 5 & Official 6	 Responsible for scoring primary partner stunts, secondary partner stunts, and pyramids. 		
Floor Safety	Official 7	 Serves as Primary Safety Judge and will confer with Panel A to determine deductions or violations that have occurred. Will assist in the counting the number of team members performing jumps, running tumbling, and standing tumbling. 		

Officials Seating Chart

Below is the seating chart for officials and timer. Official 1 and Official 2 may swap seats. Official 7 is on the floor.

Panel B		Pan	el A	Panel C		
Running & Star	Running & Standing Tumbling		Jumps, Dance, Cheer, ORC		Partner Stunts, Pyramids	
Official 3	Official 4	Official 1	Official 2	Official 5	Official 6	
			Timer			



Keys to Scoring

- Be consistent and fair in all scoring. Evaluate teams fairly using the rubric.
- Do not compare teams. Only score the team based on the rubric and the performance that day!
- Do not consider last week's performance, ratings on social media, or what you have heard. Evaluate a routine based on the performance that day.
- Conversations at the table must be kept to a minimum. The Head Judge may ask that you review your scores if you appear to be out of line with her/his performance notes based upon the rubric.
- Do not try to persuade or convince another judge to score or to call a rule.
- All officials will score according to the rubric. Do not come up with your own formulas to scoring. Stay in the range defined on the rubric.
- Keep excellent notes! Since issues may not come up for several weeks, hold onto your notes till the end of the season. You may be asked to provide your notes so that discussions can be held with the Booking Agents, State Coordinator, and a coach.

Scoresheet Handwriting

- Make sure your scores can be read!
- Score in blue or black ink.
- Sign your score sheet and make sure your entire name is legible and can be read!
- If you make a mistake, <u>initial it</u>, strike through the score you wish to change <u>once</u> and write in the new score. A maximum of 2 mistakes are permitted before a new score sheet is required.

Scoring a Zero

- When a team does not perform a skill/element of the scoresheet, a score of zero may be given.
- The Head Judge will ask the panel involved to check their notes. The panel and the Head Judge must agree that the skill was not included in the routine.
- This will include jumps, tumbling, partner stunts, pyramid, dance, and cheer plus any required incorporations.



The Head Judge

Pre-competition

- Is assigned by the Booking Agent and to Panel A.
- Will coordinate the panel and assist the Booking Agent to determine the area of expertise and judging assignments for each routine judge.
- Remains in communication with the host school and tournament director communicating information to the panel and the Booking Agent as needed.
- Will have all needed competition items including the GHSA Competition Guide, NFHS Safety Rules book, sticky notes, as well as a clean copy of the Master Score Sheet, Safety Infraction Sheet and a clean copy of Panel A, Panel B, and Panel C score sheets in the event these forms must be used or needed for copying.
- Attends a pre-competition meeting with host as needed.
- Meets with the score keepers, timers, and the announcer/music person. Ensures they understand their **responsibilities** and the GHSA guidelines. Discusses confidentiality with each group.
- Reminds the score keepers you will sign the Master Score sheet prior to them making any copies.
- Reminds the score keepers cell phones are not permitted at the scoring table.
- Reminds the announcer/music person to follow the GHSA prescribed script "In the hole _____, on deck _____ and performing now_____". Then "You may take the floor" at your signal. See the Announcer section for more detail.
- Reviews braces, cast, or uniforms as necessary, but do not review rules.
- Checks all materials to make-sure they are available, current version, and everything is in order.
- Checks competition order for any changes that may have occurred.
- Reviews <u>www.ghsacheerleading.com</u> on a weekly basis to understand new interpretations and updated material. Share with the panel.
- Checks your email the morning of the competition for any new interpretations or special emails from the State Coordinator and/or Booking Agent.
- Always conducts themselves in an appropriate professional manner.

During the competition

Once competition begins:

- Sits near the timer and signals when to start and stop the clock.
- Signals the announcer/music person when to bring the team on the floor and to begin the routine.
- Uses the NFHS Spirit Rules Book and the GHSA Guidelines in cooperation with the Safety Judges to determine what infractions may have occurred and sign-off on the Safety Infraction sheet.
- Ensures the Safety Judge records the rule number, page, or reference upon which the violation was based upon.
- Validates all rules violations immediately following the team's performance.
- Determines if the routine needs to be stopped due to an injury, sound problems, or other reason. After conferring with the Tournament Host who will address the options with the school coach, trainer/medical technicians, sound technicians, and/or other necessary personnel; the Tournament Host and Head Judge will determine the best way to proceed. They will consider if the order of appearance needs to be altered. They must also consider the time element and how long teams have waited. Time should be **allowed** for all teams in rotation to participate in their allotted rotational and warm-up activities. If too much time passes between the time of the injury and the next team in rotation, then all remaining teams should return to the warm-up area and rotate back through. This is for safety reasons.
- Sends all scores and safety infraction sheets to the scorer's table after they have been checked and signed.
- Reviews and ensures that the Master Score sheet(s) are complete and signed before they are copied for the coaches
- Uses the GHSA Tracking sheet to ensure consistency and accuracy in scoring Only Head Judge.



Following the Competition

- Does not communicate and respond to coaches' questions after the tournament. All coaches will be advised
 to contact the GHSA State Coordinator, or the Booking Agent should questions arise. Parents should not
 approach any tournament personnel.
- Refers all concerns and issues to the Booking Agent and/or State Coordinator immediately following any tournament.
- Completes all tournament report forms requested by the Booking Agent and/or the State Coordinator.

Routine Judges

Information

- Provides all contact information and background information to the Booking Agent and notify the Booking Agent of any changes in their information.
- Works with the Booking Agent by providing key data which will enable the Booking Agent to coordinate
 the assignments for all officials. Provide information concerning school contacts, site of employment,
 contact with gyms and schools, contact with teams, and other items which could affect the placement of an
 official.
- Provides all contact information and any required school forms (i.e. W-9) to the Tournament Host and/or Head Judge to enable the dissemination of competition information and to schedule payment.

Conflict of Interest

• Withdraws from judging when conflicts of interest exist, or the possibility exist that an official may not be able to judge a team fairly. This would include, but not limited to, affiliation with any competing team or gym where the judge works, relatives competing any team or coaching a team, teams who are rival teams in an area school or gym, the parent of an athlete on a rival team or competing team. The Booking Agent will be provided this information and will determine if the judge has a conflict of interest or may remain on the judging list. Failure to disclose all/or any of the above information can lead to dismissal from judging.

Day of Competition

- Knows the GHSA guide/regulation and the NFHS rules concerning competition. Be prepared to judge in whatever position he or she is needed to judge.
- Has all materials needed including the GHSA Competition Guide, NFHS Spirit Rules book, and other
 forms needed for competition along with pens, sticky notes, and paper to take notes on during the
 competition.
- Is ready to call violations for sportsmanship, jewelry, inappropriate hair, hair devices, uniforms, shoes, glitter, and nails and indicate the team member who is in violation of these GHSA rules.
- Identifies boundary violations and infractions involving the performing surface.
- Any fall or error which occurs after the stunt or pyramid hit the highest point will not count against the team. The officials will determine if the stunt or pyramid hit long enough to count as an executed skill.
- Uses the appropriate guide when scoring the team and remain consistent in scoring.
- Always signs the score sheet(s) legibly with the full name where it can be read.
- Always dresses and conducts his or herself in an appropriate professional manner.



The Safety Judge

Preparation

- Will know the NFHS Spirit rules and interpretations with the expectations of the GHSA.
- Will maintain up-to-date knowledge of all situations and rules. Review <u>www.GHSACheerleading.com</u> for rules interpretations and updates on a weekly basis during competition season.
- Will know the Safety Infraction Sheet and the guide for calling violations.
- Will carry the NFHS Spirit Rules book and the competition manual with them to the competition along with pen and paper to take notes.

Basics

- To call a violation the officials must be able to identify the specific rule that has been violated and where it occurred during the routine.
- The primary safety judge will maintain notes on all violations.
- All teams will be warned of any concerns or possible rules violations that have not been called so that the coach may question and attempt to correct any issues prior to the next competition.

Day of Competition

- Will specifically watch for and call violations for safety, boundary, and illegal performances.
- Will walk the floor on either side of the mat, but not behind the mat, to observe safety violations that may occur.
- Will assist in counting the number of team members performing and assist in counting the number of team members tumbling/stunting/jumping.
- Will meet with Panel A immediately after the team performs to determine violations. The Head Judge will coordinate the discussion and it will **not** consist of a debate.
- Will record the routine time on the infraction sheet.

Citing Violations

When the Head Judge and the two Safety Judges have determined that a violation has occurred, the officials must cite the rule number from the NFHS Spirit Rules book, the GHSA Cheerleading Guide, and/or the GHSA Constitution and By-Laws.

- To call a major violation, two of the three officials must be in total agreement that the violation occurred.
- The location of skills violations must be marked in the block of time it occurred on the Safety Infraction Sheet; this **includes** warnings. Boxes are provided at the top of the page for the officials to provide information concerning all safety violations, falls, and out-of-bounds.
- The page or the rules and section should be listed on the Safety Infraction Sheet.
- If the Officials cannot cite the rule or identify the violation, they should **only** give a warning!
- Records should be maintained by the Head Judge and all Safety Officials on the location of all violations and warnings, when/where it was observed for potential inquiries.
- When calling rules, only call what you saw! Do not read into a rule. When in doubt and if there is not an agreement on what was seen, or the rule cannot be identified, then do not make the call. Only warn the team!

Safety - All Officials

- All out-of-bounds, uniform violation, loss of shoes/hair devices, jewelry violation, etc. can be called by any one judge. Warnings are not given for these types of violations. They are called. The Head Judge should be informed by any judge on the panel who identifies a possible violation.
- See the Deductions Topic in the Scoring and Deductions section for detail information.

Timer and Timing Guidelines

The following outlines when the timing of a routine begins and ends.

- The timing of the routine will begin with the first movement, first word, or first musical sound in the routine.
- Teams may not come onto the floor chanting or cheering in an organized fashion. They may enter the floor and leave the floor showing spirit.
- The timing of the routine ends with the last motion or word of the routine.
- If a routine ends with a stunt or pyramid, the timing will end with the highest point of the stunt or pyramid.

Music Considerations

- The length of the routine shall be **two minutes and thirty seconds** (2:30); however, there is no limit of how much of that can be music. Music may be a part of the entire routine but should not exceed the two minutes and thirty seconds.
- Principals and/or Athletic Directors must review the music to be used for the school's routine. Music cannot contain profanity, suggestive and inappropriate language.
- The music (CD) should be furnished by the school and labeled with the school name. The coach should maintain **two** copies. Both copies should be with the coach in the competition area.
- All music should be of professional quality. It is suggested that all music be recorded on CD-R discs. The
 use of paper labels is not recommended. A soft sharpie marker should be used to write the name of the
 school on the disc.
- Cell phones can only be used to play the music. Personal calls and text are not permitted in the music area.
- Music in poor taste will result in a sportsmanship deduction of ten points.
- No unauthorized props may be carried into the competition area, which includes warm-ups, the music area, or the competition floor. This is a **disqualification** for the competition.
- Competitions cannot be responsible for music played off an iPad and/or phone. There are issues with start times and phones ringing in the middle of the performance. Should these occur, they will be determined to be **delay of meet deductions** and the team will remain on the floor to begin where they were in the routine. The team will not be allowed to start over.

The Timer

- The timer will work with the judging panel and time the routine following GHSA procedures in timing.
- The timer will meet with the Tournament Host and the Head Judge to review instructions.
- Prior to the beginning of the competition the timer will check all stop watches/clocks to make sure they are operational. Cell phones are not permitted to time the routine.
- The timer should sit by the Safety Judge and help to maintain the Safety Infraction Sheet by assisting in the recording of the time a violation occurs.
- The timer will verify the exact time that a routine stops and verify start times with the officials when a routine has been stopped for any reason.
- The timer may confer with the sound technician concerning the time a routine was stopped or an injury occurred if there are any concerns with the clock. If the sound technician has no way to monitor time, then the Head Judge and the Safety Judge will determine the starting point for judging of the remainder of the routine.
- The timer will ensure the routine time is recorded on the Safety Infraction Sheet.
- After a reasonable time and if a team has not reported to the competition floor, the rotation will continue, and the team will be eliminated from competition.
- The Tournament Host is responsible for communicating any issues which may be occurring in warm-ups to help prevent the elimination of a team.



Mechanical Failure

If needed, when a mechanical failure occurs during the music portion of the routine, the Head Judge will determine when the error occurred, the time it occurred, at what point the routine/music stopped, and when the scoring stopped.

- The routine should continue at this point with no altering of the rotation.
- The Head Judge and Timer will then determine a signal to let all officials know that they are to begin wherein their scoring will resume.
- The Head Judge will provide instructions to the panel.

Timing Infractions

Good judgement should be used when calling overtime violations. If a team is five seconds or less over the time limit, consideration should be given to when the clock was stopped, and the Head Judge may select not to impose a penalty.

- Timing infractions occur for overtime of the competition routine or delay of meet.
- Overtime of competition routine: For each 15-seconds, or portion thereof, a five (5) point deduction is assessed.
- **Delay of Meet**: There will be a **five (5) point deduction** for delay of meet.
- There will be a **five (5) point delay of meet deduction** if a team fails to line up at the mat when the announcer calls the name of the team.
- A team will have thirty (30) seconds to line up at the mat. Teams must be in position to begin the rotation for competition and ready to perform when their name is called.
- Teams must have music ready to begin the routine. It should be cued prior to coming to the floor.
- A team has thirty (30) seconds to begin once the announcer says, "You may begin.". "You may begin." must be stated upon the signal of the Head Judge.



Injury/Accident Guidelines

- The tournament host should have a list of emergency telephone numbers such as paramedics, hospitals, doctors available in the area. An emergency plan should be in place and all tournament personnel aware of the plan and procedures.
- When an emergency or injury occurs the host and officials should stop the competition until the injured person can be removed from the warm-up mat or the competition floor.
- The same procedures that are followed for a mechanical (music) failure or other routine stopping event will be followed in performing, timing, and scoring of the routine.
- Correct procedures should be followed in the handling of the injury and the resuming of the competition.
- An injury can result in a change in the order of appearance. All teams must compete within their division.
- Teams must be allowed to warm-up and the rotation should be adjusted so that teams' warm-up prior to competing on the floor. The Host and Head Judge will determine how long teams had to wait and how to resume. If an extended amount of time was taken, then the teams will be backed up and rotate through the warm-ups again.
- The coach must determine if the team will proceed, withdraw, or use a substitute. The coach must notify the Tournament Host and the Head Judge of their decision.
- After an injury has occurred, the tournament host will consult with the Head Judge to determine the order of rotation and when the team with the injury will return. Should the team with the injury select to compete again the Head Judge will determine the start time for judging the routine and follow timing rules. See the Timer Section of the manual.
- An athlete who exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a **concussion** (examples such as a loss of consciousness, headaches, dizziness, confusion, or balance problems) shall immediately be removed from the contest and shall not return to play until cleared by the appropriate health-care professional. (NFHS Spirit Rules: 2-1-18; Refer to NFHS Suggested Guidelines for Management of Concussions) Coaches are responsible for the following safety guidelines for all athletes on the team.
- Using the professional judgement of the medical personnel on sight the Tournament Host under the guidance of the Head Judge will not allow a team member who has experienced unconsciousness to return to the floor without the written consent of a physician.
- Severe injuries of any kind are considered extremely serious and a team member who has experienced a serious injury should <u>not</u> return to the floor or compete. The appropriate medical action should be taken, and the emergency plan put into place. A substitute may be sent in for the injured team member. *Refer to NFHS Spirit Rules: 2-1-18*
- A team member who has a minor injury should not be allowed to return without the release of the medical personnel who are on site.
- Team members who are bleeding, have an open wound, or have excessive amounts of blood, may not participate in any event until the appropriate treatment is administered and the uniform and/or body has been cleaned. *Refer to NFHS Spirit Rule: 2-1-17*



Section

4

Scoring and Deductions



Scorers and Scorekeeping Guidelines

The Scorers will meet with the Head Judge prior to the competition to review procedures and guidelines for scoring.

• A competition may select to score manually or computerized.

Computerized Scoring

- The competition must use the program provided by GHSA. You may request the program from GHSA. Competitions cannot create their own programs.
- All scorekeepers using the computer program must be trained in advance and not the day of the competition.
- Teams competing and the order of competition should be entered into the program prior to the actual competition.
- Competitions must provide computers and a back-up system should any issues arise.
- Directions must be followed.

Keys to Computerized Scoring

Step	Action
1	Macros must be enabled to run the program properly. You must Enable Editing and Enable Content .
2	The Excel file is a Read Only file. The user will have to Save As a new file name. It is recommended that you open the Read Only file and immediately Save As the competition name <u>plus</u> the classification.
	 Naming examples: South GA Classic – A Private; South GA Classic – A Public; South GA Classic – AA; South GA Classic – AAAA
3	Important: Save after entering each team's scores.
4	Recommended: Only have one file/division open at a time.
	• If you are running a competition and alternating between divisions – it would be wise to have multiple computers.
	• Example: Your competition order is AA - Team #1, AAA - Team #1, AAAA - Team #1, AA - Team #2, AAA - Team #2, AAAA - Team #2. You would need 6 computers. There would be 3 main computers each connected to a printer for each division and one back up for redundancy.
5	Suggestion : Remove the Formula Bar to minimize mistakes. You can do this by selecting the View tab on the top menu bar in excel.
6	Excel will <u>not</u> calculate unless you advance to the next cell by pressing enter .
	• If you select a cell with your cursor to edit a score, you must press enter to advance to the next cell. This will allow Excel to calculate the adjusted score.
7	Deductions : You do not have to enter a (-) negative sign before the number.
	 Example: A team has 5 points taken off for a fall – the user would just enter a 5 in Deduction total for that team.
8	Tie Breakers: The program automatically breaks the ties. (See Breaking Ties).



Electronically Keeping Score

The Scorers will follow GHSA procedures when adding the score sheets. The max score possible is 107.

Preparing the Electronic Spreadsheet

Step	Action
1	Open the GHSA Scoring file, then Save As with the appropriate naming convention.
	Macros must be enabled to run the program properly.
2	Remove the formula bar, then go to the Instructions tab to read all the preliminary steps to ensure program works properly.
3	If using an old file: Click on the Prepare Book button at the top of the book. Once you have performed this step, confirm school names no longer appear across the bottom of the page.
	When you click on the Prepare Book button, all previous entries in the spreadsheet are deleted.
4	Click on the School tab, then type the name of each school competing and press enter after each.
	• The cursor will move to the next appropriate number and the name of each team appears in competing order on the tabs.
	Confirm you have entered in the correct competing order in the numerical spaces.
	Prior to entering scores correction can be made later if needed.
5	Click the Lock School Names button, then click the Results tab to enter the appropriate information at the top – Date, Division and Head Judge.
6	Click the Calculate Rankings button to display competing names in the order of performance on the form.
	Review or print the order to ensure the order and every school is entered correctly.

Entering Scores

Step	Action
1	Each individual panel's sheet will be entered, making sure all areas are scored.
2	Click on the tab with the name of the school.
	The page to enter their scores will appear.
3	Enter Panel A, Panel B, Panel C scores, and Deductions; respectively.
	 Press enter after each entry including the deduction to move the cursor to the next appropriate box.
	The computer will automatically add, subtract, and average as needed.
4	Verify all scores entered for the competing team, click the Return to Results button.
	You are taken back to the Results page.
	• Click the Save icon at the top to save the spreadsheet.
5	Click the Calculate Rankings button to copy the scores from the individual tab to the Results tab.
	 Each competing team's score is added, and their ranking is placed on the page.
6	When the division is complete, print the results and this will serve as your tally sheet.



Manually Keeping Score

Should there be a failure in the electronic system, the manual keeping scoring process should be followed. The Scorers will add all officials' scores and record totals on the Master Score Sheet and on the individual officials' score sheets. The Scorers will follow GHSA procedures when adding the score sheets. The max score possible is 107.

Step	Action
1	Each individual panel's sheet will be tallied, making sure all areas are scored.
2	The Scorers will transfer the Panel A, Panel B, and Panel C's Subtotal scores to the Master Score Sheet to the specified boxes.
3	The Scorers will add Panel A Subtotal, Panel B Subtotal, and Panel C Subtotal to obtain the Master Score Sheet Subtotal for the team.
4	Deductions from the Safety Infraction Score Sheet will be added and recorded on the Master Score Sheet. The deductions will be taken from the Teams' subtotal to obtain the Total score.
5	The Master Scorekeeper will enter the placement on the Master Score Sheet for each division then sign it.
6	The Head Judge will review and validate placements on the Master Score Sheet, then sign it.

Breaking Ties

Use the table below to break ties. When using the computerized method of scoring, the program automatically breaks Tie Breaker A and Tie Breaker B.

Tie Breaker	Action					
A	If a tie	occurs, then perform the following.				
	Step	Action				
	1	Add all execution (EXE) scores for each skills area (Jumps, Running Tumbling, Standing Tumbling, Partner Stunts, Secondary Stunts, Pyramids).				
	2	The team with the highest score breaks the tie and determines the order of placement for the tied teams.				
В	If a tie	remains after completing Tie Breaker A, then perform the following.				
	Step	Action				
	1	Add the cheer, dance, and ORC.				
	2	The team with the highest scores breaks the tie and determines the order of placement for the tied teams.				
С		remains after completing Tie Breaker A and B; the officials will determine the order of ent for the tied teams.				

2021 COMPETITIVE CHEERLEADING MASTER SCORE SHEET



	CLASS/ REGION	TOTAL NUMBER OF SQUADS	PAGE					
	of							
The Subtotal is Panel A Subtotal, Panel B Subtotal, and Panel C Subtotal added together.								
	TEAM	TEAM	-	TEAM	TEAM			
SCHOOL								
Panel A Subtotal								
Panel B Subtotal								
Panel C Subtotal								
SUBTOTAL								
Deductions								
TOTAL SCORE								
PLACEMENT								
	TEAM	TEAM	-	TEAM	TEAM			
SCHOOL								
Panel A Subtotal								
Panel B Subtotal								
Panel C Subtotal								
SUBTOTAL								
Deductions								
TOTAL SCORE								
PLACEMENT								
HEAD OFFICIAL'S SIGNATURE			SCORE KEEI SIGNATUI					



The Competitive Cheerleading Safety Infraction Sheet is for safety sheet infractions and warnings only. A team may have a deduction due to an NFHS or GHSA safety infraction. Do not write personal comments on the Competitive Cheerleading Safety Infraction Sheet.

2 Point Infractions – NFHS/GHSA

Two (2) points per each individual violation will be incurred and may be called by any official on the panel.

2 Point Safety Violations

When beginning with a stunt or pyramid, the team may set and prepare to build prior to beginning the routine. Only at the beginning of the routine, a flyer <u>must</u> have one foot on the floor ready to begin the stunt and in preparation of the signal to begin. Routines cannot begin in a stunt per GHSA rules.

• It is a 2-point deduction per top person who does not have one foot on the floor.

Tumbling outside of a routine is illegal and will result in a violation as well as a penalty. If the team member tumbles while coming on the floor, time will begin when the team member tumbles. A team member <u>cannot</u> tumble on or off the mat. It will be a GHSA violation.

• It is a 2-point deduction per team member who tumbles outside of the routine.

Items from this list that **interfere** with the execution of a skill.

• Loss of hair devices, loss of hair pieces, or inappropriate hair pieces, inappropriate fingernails, jewelry, glitter, etc.

Inappropriate uniform. Failure to follow GHSA and NFHS rules. See **GHSA Rules**.

Beginning the routine off the mat.

Boundary violations – stepping out-of-bounds.

Falls to the floor while performing a skill from beginning to completion – jumps, tumbling, stunts, and pyramids; **not** walking.

Unsafe performing surface – Loss of shoe or loss of hair device:

- Should a performer step on the bow or walk over a bow or other item it is not a violation. However, if the performer executes a skill(s); such as tumbles, jumps or stunts/builds pyramid; onto the bow, hair device, shoe, pom etc., it is a violation.
- The loss of a shoe or another part of the uniform would be considered a violation of **NFHS Rule 3-1-2.** Shoes must remain on the foot, to be considered safe and an appropriate uniform.

Untied shoelaces is not a deduction

Inattentive spotter. Only one official is needed to call this violation.

Only call shoes that are inappropriate for cheer. Cheerleaders may have on various types of shoes. For example, it is okay if some of the squad chooses to wear high top cheer shoes and the other part of the team wears regular cheer shoes.

Boundary Violations

The entire mat is considered the performing surface/competition floor. A white or blue line of tape may be placed around the outside of the entire mat to indicate the edge of the mat.

- If mats are of unequal length the entire mat is still the performing surface and the boundary tape around the outside of the mat does not define the performing surface.
- Any body part, including the entire shoe which steps off the mat will be considered out-of-bounds.



Hair Violations

The key to calling any hair violations is that the hair must not interfere with the execution of the skill or cause an issue on the performing surface (**NFHS 2-1-5 plus Situations**). Stunt can refer to stunting, pyramids, and tumbling.

- The officials will make the final determination in how to score the issues created by hair.
- A ponytail touching the back of the neck and back, including the shoulders is not a violation unless it interferes with the execution of the skill.
- If a team member runs into another team member while tumbling and it is felt the hair caused the issue, then a violation may be called.
- If a flyer steps on a base's hair or a base, tangles her hand in the hair while stunting, then a violation may be called.
- Any judge may call a violation if a team member, tumbles, jumps, or builds a stunt on the hair device or piece. It is unsafe performing surface. Stunts would include all members of a stunt group including the spotter.
- If a member drops a hair bow or hair piece and it falls on the floor for safety reasons a team member may pick it up and throw it off the floor or away from the performance area. This would not be a violation for floor safety. However, it is a two-point deduction for an unsafe uniform.
- If the team member steps onto the bow but is not executing a skill it is not a violation.

Fingernail Clarifications

When does the length of the nail constitute an inappropriate nail?

- The color of the nails is a coaching decision. Colors can become distracting and so motions, violations, etc. are much easier to see from an official's perspective.
- The nails need to be safe. If you can see the nail over the tip of the finger, then it becomes a safety issue.

Falls

A stunt group is dependent on one another to perform or execute the element/skill and must work as a team, it will be considered one fall whether one member of the stunt group or more falls. The same would be true of a stunt group in a pyramid.

Partner Stunt/Toss

- Because each of the members of the stunt group are interdependent, if the group has a fall it will be considered **one** fall.
- If all three or four team members of the stunt group fall to the floor it is still would be one fall.

Pvramid

When determining the number of falls in a pyramid, consider the number of possible stunt groups that may fall. Here are a couple of examples.

- If one side of a pyramid falls, it is one fall.
- If two sides fall or a center and the side, it is two falls.



5 Point Infractions- NFHS/GHSA

Туре	Violation			
Violations of stunting rules Rule 3 Section 2 – 10 located in the NFHS Safety Spirit Rules Book.				
Delay of Meet	See Timing Infractions - Delay of Meet instructions in the Timer and Timing Guidelines section of this manual. A team failing to report for rotation may be removed from rotation and will not be allowed to participate in competition.			
Timing Infractions involving routine timing or music timing	 See Timing Infractions – Routine Timing instructions in the Timer and Timing Guidelines section of this manual. 5 points per each 15-seconds. 			

10 Point Infractions – NFHS/GHSA

Туре	Description
Sportsmanship	As defined by the GHSA acts of sportsmanship will be a 10-point deduction per act. The new rules specifically give the officials the responsibility for calling unsportsmanlike acts through the competition time.
	 Music cannot contain profanity, suggestive and inappropriate language. Music in poor taste will result in a sportsmanship deduction of ten points.

Disqualifications

DQ	Description			
1	Too many team members			
2	Illegal substitutions			
3	Ineligible student participating on the team.			
4	Unauthorized props - props will be defined as the use of any item other than pom-poms to initiat crowd response.			
	 No part of a uniform may be used as a sign, to include briefs, socks, items worn as a part of the uniform or under the uniform such as T-shirts. 			
	No signs allowed.			
	 No unauthorized props may be carried into the competition area, which includes warm-ups, the music area, or the competition floor. 			

All scores are final. There is no protest.

2021 Competitive Cheerleading Safety Infraction Sheet



									•
SCHOOL				Сомрет	ITION				
CLASS/REGION				DATE					
Indicate in the cor	rect time	box below		ere on the m bination of			on occurr	ed by using	the correct symbol
PS – Partner Stunt	T – Tu	ımbling	PY – Pyran	nid	X – Fall		O – Out-	of-bounds	W – Warning
0 to 30 sec.		30 sec. to 2	1 min.	1 min. to 1:30	0 min.		1:30 to 2:0	0 min.	2:00 to 2:30 min.
			_	FRONT OF I	МАТ			I	
mproper uniforms, unsat	Hair, fe performing	n 1; Rule 3 Son, hair pieces/ong surface, in	ection 1 and 2; Gelevices, nails, jewe attentive spotter, to the floor, etc.; I	elry, glitter. umbling outsid	e the routi	ne, top		WARNING	G(S): Include Rule Numb & Section
	RU	LE NUMBER			QTY		TOTAL DUCTION		
Rule: Sect:									
Rule: Sect:									
Rule: Sect:									
FALLS: Total for tumbling	g; To	otal for stunti	ng						
OUT-OF-BOUNDS									
NFHS	– Rule 3 Se		INT INFRACTIONS 0; Safety Infracti	ons; Minus <u>5</u> p	oints each				
		LE NUMBER	•		QTY		FOTAL DUCTION		
Rule: Sect:									
Rule: Sect:									
Rule: Sect:									
DELAY OF MEET									
TIME OF ROUTINE: _		(<u>5</u> points p	INFRACTIONS oer 15 seconds or tion over)	 seconds over					
			OINT INFRACTIONS		1				
NF	HS – Rule	· ·	Sportsmanship;		ts each				
	RUL	E NUMBER	R		QTY		OTAL OUCTION		
Explanation:									
GHSA – Too many tear		; illegal subst	QUALIFICATIONS itution; or unauthonat may be used as		riefs, socks	s, T-shi	rts, or any		
Explanation:									
Head Judge					l				
Γable Safety							OTAL UCTIONS		
Floor Safety							20210110		



Section 5

Officials' Scoring Instructions & Rubrics



The key to this rubric and scoring system is to perform within the means of the squad's skill level, execute all skills soundly, and score high in the execution categories.

Definitions

Term	Description
Majority	51% or more of the team members execute a required skill. Half of the team plus one.
	• 15 members would need 8 members completing the skill to fall in the majority range.
Less than	50% or fewer of the team members execute a required skill. Half the team or less.
majority	• A team of 15 members have 7 members complete a skill, then they would fall in the
	less than majority range.

Total Team Minus

The Total Team members performing the skill is used to determine the DOD in jumps, standing and running tumbling.

The following table identifies the number of team members who are not required to perform the skill.

If the rubric reads	Then
Total Team# - 0	All team members must perform the skill.
Total Team# - 2	1 and/or 2 team members are not required to perform the skill.
Total Team# - 4	3 and/or 4 team members are not required to perform the skill.
Total Team# - 6	5 and/or 6 team members are not required to perform the skill.
Total Team# - 8	7 and/or 8 team members are not required to perform the skill.

Check Boxes

Check boxes on the score sheet defines the areas for improvement for a team's execution scores. This provides coaches with information to assist them on working to improve their execution scores week-to-week.

• Make sure that the boxes you check match your score.

Panel A - Jumps/Cheer/Dance/ORC

Jumps should be performed as a team.

• Squads may complete jumps connected to tumbling. However, the jumps will be scored in jumps and the tumbling portion will be scored in standing tumbling.

Definitions

Term	Description			
Combo	Connected jumps without a pause in between. All approaches within the jumps must use a whip approach to be connected.			
	A double toe touch.			
	A toe touch, pike, hurdler that are all connected.			
Variety	Involves different jumps			
	 A right herkie, toe touch, left herkie all connected would complete the 3-jump triple combo requirement. 			

Level of Jumps DOD

Jump Level	Description	DOD
Basic	tuck jumps, spread eagles, banana jumps	1-2
Advanced	herkie, hurdler, pike, double nine, toe touch	2-6

Cheer

Cheer Requirements

- A minimum of 3 eight counts of cheer with an incorporation(s).
- The entire team must participate in cheer to be eligible to receive **maximum** points.
- Athletes must say the words in the cheer.
- Cheer words should be distinct and have a high volume.

Cheer Incorporations

One of the following must be incorporated into the cheer to be eligible to receive **maximum** points.

• Jumps, tumbling, stunts, tosses, pyramids, or any combination

Dance

- To be eligible to receive the **maximum** points, all must dance the entire four (4) eight counts.
- Dance should have level changes, transitions, footwork, and floor choreography to max out.
- Lifts and rolls are permitted as part of the choreography.

Overall Routine Composition

Overall routine will be evaluated on the following criteria:

- Showmanship, energy level, excitement, crowd appeal, uniformity, genuine enthusiasm, and the athletic sportsmanship.
- A team's ability to demonstrate precise spacing and seamless patterns of movement performed throughout the routine. This includes innovative, visual, and intricate ideas; as well as any additional skills performed to enhance the overall appeal. (Source: Varsity All Star Scoring guide)

GHSA Competition Cheerleading Guide Panel A – Jumps/Cheer/Dance/ORC Rubric



	Panel A – Jumps	/Cheer/Da	ance/OR	C Rubric					
				Jumps	S				
DOD	1	2	,	3	4		5	6	
					Total Team # - 4	Total Te	eam # - 2	Total Team # - 0	
					Triple combo of 3	different adva	nced jumps.	Must be connected.	
		Total Te	am # - 4	Total Team # - 2	Total Team # - 0				
		Double co	ombo advan	ced jumps with variety or t jumps with no variety.	riple combo advanced				
	Total Team # - 2 Single or non-con	Total Te							
EXE	1-2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	F	3-4	5-6			7-8	
EAE	Below average technique	ie, poor	Average te	echnique and form, very	Above average technique	e and form.	Excellent te	echnique and form,	
	form, and timing, misse Majority dropping ches flexed toes, and bad lan	ed jumps. t, bent legs,	little timin jumps. Soi	g off. Very few missed ne dropped chest, flexed ad landings	good timing. No missed jumps, no dropped chest, flexed toes, or bad landings		perfect timi	ng. No missed jumps, chest, all toes pointed,	
	Cheer								
DOD	1-2			3	4			5	
	Less than majority squa incorporations. Basic tr lacking complexity.			to full squad ions. Intermediate	Majority to full squad incorporations. Advanced transitions.		Full squad incorporations. Multiple advanced transitions.		
	Slung motions, words n entire team.	-	Majority s	harp intermediate/ notions, words said by	Sharp advanced motions, words said by entire team. Creative and visual.		Very sharp/precise advanced motions, words said by entire team. Highly creative and very visual.		
	Little creativity and lac	king visual.		creativity and somewhat					
EXE	Poor technique, poor tir sloppy transitions and f no volume		Average technique, good timing, transitions, and formations need very little clean up, low volume		Above average technique, very good timing, clean transitions and formations, good volume		Excellent technique, perfect timing, very clean transitions and formations, excellent volume		
				Dance	•				
DOD	1-2			3-4	5-6		7		
	Basic motions and transfew level changes.	J	transitions	te motions and Few level changes.	Advanced motions, with transitions and several le		advanced tr	vanced motions with ansitions and several	
	Lacks energy, little crea originality, and lacking		creativity,	nergy, Moderate with some originality what visual.	changes. Very good energy, creatioriginal, and visual.	ive,	level changes. Excellent energy, highly creative and original, very visual.		
EXE		or technique, poor timing, ppy transitions, and formations, or rhythm Average technique, good timing, not very clean on transitions and formations, average rhythm		Above average technique, very good timing, clean transitions, and formations, good rhythm		Excellent technique, perfect timing, very clean transitions, and formations, excellent rhythm			
			C	Overall Routine (Composition				
	1-2			3-4	5			6-7	
	Below average overall is cleanliness of routine as throughout.			verall impression and s of routine, pacing t.	Clean routine and good of impression. Good pacing throughout.			routine and excellent ression. Excellent ughout.	
	Below average routine choreography with skill the floor space.			outine layout, ohy with skills and use of e.	Solid routine layout and choreography with skills floor space.			he layout and excellent eography with skills and space.	
	Little to no creative for transitions, no moments innovative, visual, and	s of	transitions visual, and	ve formations, , moments of innovative, ! intricate choreography.	Some creative formation transitions. Some innova and intricate choreograph	tive, visual, hy.	Innovative, choreograph	-	
	choreography. Below average level of excitement, enthusiasm showmanship.			evel of energy and i, enthusiasm, and hip.	Mid to high level of ener excitement. Genuine entl and showmanship.			el of energy and Genuine enthusiasm anship.	

2021 Competitive Cheerleading Official's Score Sheet Panel A – Jumps/Cheer/Dance/ORC



	SCHOOL			NUMBER ON SQUAD		ASS/ GION		PANEL
								A
JUMPS					I			
	Areas of	EXE Improvement						SCORE
☐ Landings	☐ Height	☐ Form	□ Sync	hronized	DOD		6	
☐ Pointed Toes	☐ Dropped Chest	☐ Formation	□ Arm	rm Placement		DOD	0	
☐ Straight Legs	☐ Timing	☐ Missed Jumps	□ Legs	Not Horizontal		EXE	8	
						Decimal		
CHEER/CHANT								
	Areas of	EXE Improvement						
☐ Creative & Visual	☐ Add Motions	☐ Formations	□ Sync	hronization		DOD/		
☐ Transitions	☐ Projection	☐ Energy	☐ Invol	volve Total Team reds More Counts rtial Incorporations		DOD/ EXE	5	
☐ Sharpness	□ Volume	☐ Say Words	□ Need			Decimal		
☐ Pace	☐ Timing	☐ No Incorporation	ons 🗆 Partia			.5 permitt		
DANCE								
	Areas of	EXE Improvement						
☐ Creative & Visual	□ Rhythm	☐ Motions	□ Sync	hronization		DOD/		
☐ Formations	☐ Choreography	□ Pace	☐ Need	s More Counts		EXE	7	
□ Energy	☐ Transitions	☐ Level Changes	☐ Knov	vledge of routine	2	Decimal		
☐ Showmanship	☐ Intricacy	☐ Involve Total T	<u>Ceam</u>			.5 permi	tted	
OVERALL ROUTINE	E COMPOSITION							
	Areas of	EXE Improvement						
☐ Creative & Visual	☐ Clean up	☐ Use of floor	☐ Sync	hronization				
☐ Crowd appeal	☐ Flow/Pace	☐ Variations	☐ Intric	ate choreograph	у	EXE	7	
☐ Transitions	☐ Innovative	☐ Formations	☐ Struc	ture/layout of ro	utine	Decimal	l of	
☐ Showmanship	□ Energy	☐ Enthusiasm				.5 permi	tted	
			SUBT	OTAL SCORI	E			
		LEGIBLY SIGN YO	OUR FULL NAM	1E				
OFFICIAL 1 SIGNATURE			OFFICIAL 2 SIGNATURE					



The officials need to see what the Squad can do as a team.

- Teams should tumble in sections of the routine as a squad and not randomly throughout the routine.
- If squads reuse/repeat the same tumbler, officials will not be able to distinguish what the squad can do as a group.
- An official will assume that if an athlete performs a higher-level skill, then that athlete can also perform the lower-level skill and give credit for that skill.
- Split the floor with your partner and use the floor safety to verify your numbers.

Examples

- If an athlete performs a round off back handspring full, then an official must assume that the athlete can also perform a round off back handspring tuck or layout.
- If an athlete performs a standing tuck, an official must assume that the athlete can also perform a standing back handspring.

Definitions

Term	Description
Standing Tumbling	A tumbling skill (series of skills) performed from a standing position without any previous forward momentum. Any number of steps backward prior to execution of tumbling skill(s) is defined as standing tumbling. (<i>Source: usasf.net</i>)
Running Tumbling	Tumbling that is performed with a running start and/or involves a step or a hurdle (etc.) used to gain momentum as an entry to another skill. Any type of forward momentum/movement prior to execution of the tumbling skill(s) is defined as running tumbling. (<i>Source: usasf.net</i>)
Entry	 Officials will watch the entry into the skill. Cartwheel: Defined as standing tumbling because that is what initiates the skill. Round-off: Defined as running tumbling because of the momentum it generates. A step hurdle into a cartwheel will be judged as running.
Full through to Full	A team member performing a full through to full tumbling pass will count as 2 fulls. • Two (2) will be the maximum credit given per athlete.
Specialty Pass	Running tumbling across the mat that contains skills from the following during the pass. 1. Contains possibly: back handspring, step outs, whips, Arabians, front walkover/handspring, aerial, or punch front 2. Ends: A tuck or higher.

Execution - Fall

When a team member executes a back-handspring with the hands touching the floor the judge cannot assume that the team member intended to execute a tuck. Placing one's hands on the floor during the execution of a tuck is not a fall to the floor. It is an execution error. Based on how the skill is executed, it may be scored as a back-handspring. When tumbling, a fall is considered a fall to the floor when the tumbler lands on their legs, knees, back, head, rear, elbows, and so on, that was **not** considered a part of the original landing.



Credit Examples

Scoring will lack accuracy if elements are scattered out in several segments of the routine. These examples apply to both running and standing tumbling. The tumbling DOD for a routine is not cumulative

Team	Example	The officials give credit for
A	A team executes 3 standing fulls on the 2nd eight count of the routine, then during the 10th eight count into the routine the team executes 15 standing tucks and 1 standing full.	3 standing fulls, not 4, plus 15 standing tucks.
В	A team executes 2 standing fulls on the 3rd eight count of the routine. Later in the routine, the team executes 1 standing full and 15 standing tucks.	2 standing fulls, not 3, plus 15 standing tucks.
С	A team executes one standing full in the first eight count of the routine. 15 eight counts later, the team executes 3 back handsprings-to-fulls and 12 standing tucks.	3 back handsprings-to- fulls, plus 12 standing tucks. Not 4 fulls.
D	A team executes 2 running fulls-through-to-fulls (total of 4 fulls) in the 2nd eight count of the routine. 12 eight counts later, the team executes 2 round-off handspring fulls and 14 round-off handspring layouts.	4 full plus 14 layouts.
Е	A team executes 1 round-off full in the 1st eight count of the routine. 7 eight counts later, the team executes 3 round-off fulls and 13 round-off tucks.	3 fulls plus 13 round-off tucks.



Panel B – Standing/Running Tumbling Rubric

	mer b Standing			Standing Tur	nbling				
DOD	1	2	2	3	4	5		6	
	Forward rolls, back				Total Team # - 6	Total Tea	nm # - 4	Total Team # - 2	
	extension rolls, standing cartwheels.				Tucks or han	dspring tucks	or handsprin	gs to layouts	
					including 1 standing series to full/ standing full.	including 2 series to full full(/ standing	including 3 or more standing series to full/ standing full(s).	
					Total Team # - 4	Total Tea	m#-2		
					Tucks and/or handspring	tucks or hand	Isprings to		
		Less than	<u>majority</u>	<u>Majority</u>	<u>Total Team # - 0</u>				
		Handspi		or handspring tucks or r skill.	Handsprings				
EXE	1-2			3-4	5-6			7-8	
	Poor form, technique, an many bent legs/bodies	d timing,		rm, technique, and y few bent legs/bodies		bove average form, technique, and ming, minimum bent legs/ body Excelle timing.			
	5 or more hands-down/b multiple steps w/ many u landings	ust, many insteady		down/bust, many eps w/ some unsteady				ed tumbling/bust, n steps w/ solid landings	
				Running Tur	nbling				
DOD	1	2	2	3	4	5		6	
	Running cartwheels				<u>Total Team # - 6</u>	Total Tea	m#-4	Total Team # - 2	
	and round-offs.				Round off tucks or	handspring tuc	ks or layout	s or specialty passes	
					including 1 full.	including	2-3 fulls.	including 4 or more fulls.	
		Total To	eam # - 6	Total Team # -4	Total Team # - 2	Total Tea	ım#-0		
				I	or handspring tucks.	icks.			
	Total Team # - 8 Total Team # - 6 Total Team # - 4 Total Team		<u>ım#-2</u>						
		Logg than	majority	Layouts and/ or Majority	specialty passes.				
				rings, limited tucks.					
EXE	1-2	110411	l	3-4	5-6			7-8	
	Poor form, technique, an many bent legs/bodies	nd timing,		rm, technique, and y few bent legs/bodies	Above average form, tectiming, minimum bent le			form, technique, and bent legs/body	
5 or more hands-down/bust, many 3-4 hands-down/bust, many 1-2 hands-down/bust, multiple steps No miss					sed tumbling/bust, m step w/ solid landings				

2021 Competitive Cheerleading Official's Score Sheet Panel B – Standing/Running Tumbling



	SCHOOL							LASS/ EGION		PANEL	
										В	
STANDING TU	MBLING										
	Areas of EXE Improvement								SCORE		
☐ Technique		Landings	□ Form/St	ability	☐ Timin	ıg	DOD		6		
☐ Choreography	у □ І	Precision	☐ Straight	en Legs	☐ Hands	s Down/B	ust	БОБ	U		
☐ Synchronizat	ion 🗆 I	Formation/Spacing	☐ Missed	Tumbling	□ Multi	ple Steps		EXE	8		
☐ Height		Legs Together	□ Falls					Decima .5 permi			
RUNNING TUM	IBLING										
		Areas of EXE I	mprovemen	nt							
☐ Technique		Landings	☐ Form/St	ability	□ Timin	ıg	DC		6		
☐ Choreography	y 🗆 I	Precision	☐ Straight	en Legs	☐ Hands	Hands Down/Bust		DOD	U		
☐ Synchronizat	ion 🗆 I	Formation/Spacing	☐ Missed	Tumbling	□ Multi	Multiple Steps		EXE	8		
☐ Height		Legs Together	□ Falls		□ Use o	f Floor		Decima			
				SUE	STOTAL	SCOR	E				
		LEGI	BLY SIGN Y	OUR FULL NA	AME						
OFFICIAL 3 SIGNATURE				OFFICIAL SIGNATUR							

Panel C - Partner Stunt/Pyramids

The officials need to see what the squad can do as a team. If squads re-use/repeat stunts elsewhere in the routine, officials will not be able to distinguish what the squad can do as a group. Therefore, it is imperative that teams' stunt in sections of the routine as a squad and not randomly throughout the routine.

Definitions

Term	Description
Fall	A body part, other than the sole of the shoe, coming into contact with the performance surface during the execution of a stunt/skill. Falling to the floor with a body part landing on the floor such as hands, knees, legs, back, head, rear, elbow, and so on. • A stunt group falling to the floor will count as 1 fall.
_	
Drop	A stunt/skill being attempted that comes down early. It may then be put up again; however, it is clear to the officials that the stunt was not executed as intended.
Missed Stunt	A skill is attempted but does not hit the appropriate position or height as the other stunts.
	Failure to hit a heel stretch and instead remaining in a platform or liberty.
Bobble	When a flyer hits a stunt/skill and wobbles, shakes, swings their arms; but the stunt remains in the air.
True Full up	Bases remain stationery and flyer rotates 360°.
Entry	The beginning or mounting phase of a stunt, where one foot/hand(s) starts on the performing surface or in a loading position.
Structure	A place in a pyramid when flyers connect (hand-hand or hand-foot) and pause to show a defined position. This is also known as a picture.
Extended Stunt/Position	The supporting hand(s) of the base(s) is/are above the head. (Source: NFHS)

DOD - Intended Height

A judge will give credit for those stunts that go to the intended height of the stunts. Stunts that do not go to the intended height will not be factored into the scoring of the Degree of Difficulty. This is in Primary and Secondary Stunts as well as Pyramids.

• A team attempts to execute four liberty heel stretches. One does not make it up and the second one dismounts to the floor prior to hitting the highest point. Hence, two of the four of the stunts did not make it to the intended height. Thus, the team is only given credit for the two stunts that reach the intended height/hit.

One point for front spots in stunts and tosses will no longer be deducted.



Partner Stunts/Tosses

All groups must <u>demonstrate stability</u> at the extended point of the executed stunt. This <u>cannot</u> be a show & go style execution. All stunts must have the required spotters and bases.

Level	Description					
Primary Stunts	 A squad's best and most creative stunts. More than one person working together as a team to execute the skill. All required elements should be executed during one section of the routine to receive full credit. 					
Secondary	Basic two-legged stunts, to one-l	egged extended stunts, and high	-flying basket tosses.			
Stunts	Examples – coed style extended a st	ensions, extended single leg stur	nts.			
Tosses	Tosses can be used in place of th	e Secondary Stunt except for Co	oed.			
		Tosses				
	Basic	Intermediate	Advanced			
	Straight rides	Single full	Kick single or 1 ¹ / ₄			
	Blow outs	X-outs	Hitch-kick single or 1 1/4			
	Pose	Toe touch	Star single or 1 1/4			
		Pike	Toe touch full down			
		Ball up star	Full up toe-touch			
Dismounts	The ending movement from a stunt or pyramid to a cradle or the performing surface. Movements are only considered dismounts if released to a cradle or released and assisted to the performing surface. Movement from a cradle to the ground is not considered a dismount. (<i>Source: USAF</i>)					
	1	necessary in secondary stunts.				
Load-in	A stunting position in which the top person has at least one foot in the base(s) hands. The base(s) hands are at waist level. (<i>USASF</i> : 2016-17 Cheer Glossary) The manner by which you get the flyer to the top. Load-in Position: the two-foot entry position for an elevator; a hang drill.					
	• Only at the beginning of the routine, a flyer <u>must</u> have one foot on the floor ready to begin the stunt and in preparation of the signal to begin. Routines cannot begin in a stunt per GHSA rules.					



Stunt Skills

If a squad performs the **same** skill multiple times it will still only count as one skill.

- A full up from load and a full up from straddle position will count as **one** advanced skill. The full up is the repeated skill.
- Coed entries: Walk-ins, Tosses, Cannonballs, J-ups, etc.
- All groups must perform the same skill(s) to receive credit.

The table below represents a <u>limited list</u> of stunt skills a squad may perform. The officials are responsible for determining the level of difficulty for any stunt skills not listed.

Stunt Skills							
Basic	Intermediate	Advanced					
Prep level stunts	Faux full-up to extended position	True full-up to extended position					
Half-up to prep	True full-up to prep level	Ball-up (legal version) to extended position					
Straight-up stunt to	Half-up to extended position	Switch-up to extended position					
prep level or extension	Switch-up to prep level	Inversion to extended position					
	Inversion from below prep level to prep level	Unbraced tick-tock (low-to-high) to extended position					
	Quick toss to prep level	Quick toss to the extended position					
	Inversion from prep level to prep level	High-to-high extended					
	Ball-up to prep level	1 ¼ full up to extended position					
	1 ¼ full up to prep level						
	Tick-tock at prep level						
	Unbraced low-to-high to prep level						

• If the tick tock is not **released**, this will not be considered an advanced skill.

Body Positions/Flexibility Skills

Body Position	Flexibility
Heel Stretch	Heel Stretch
Front Stretch	Front Stretch
Bow & Arrow, Cobra	Bow & Arrow, Cobra
Scale	Scale
Scorpion, Needle	Scorpion
No-hands/Chin Chin/Cry Baby	No-hands
Liberty	Chin Chin
Torch	Cry Baby
Arabesque	Needle



Dismounts

Dismounts							
Basic	Intermediate	Advanced					
Straight cradles from two leg or single leg stunts	1 - 1 1/4 rotation (twist) from prep level single leg position	1 - 1 ¹ / ₄ rotation (twist) from extended single leg position					
Pop downs	360 down (corkscrew) from extended (two legged) position to a squish or floor	360 down (corkscrew) from extended (single leg) position to a squish or floor					
Squish	360 down (corkscrew) from prep level to a squish or floor	power press prep level kick/toe/pike full					
Prone from prep level	Full down from prep or extended position						
	Forward suspended roll						
	Prone from extended level						
	Half turn cradle						
	Yoyo						

Maxing Out in Primary Partner Stunt

- A team with 16 members will be expected to stunt 4 primary stunts executing the max DOD requirements to receive an 8.
- A team of 16 members stunt 3 primary stunt groups, if the squad maxes DOD requirement, the highest DOD the squad will receive is a 7. The groups must complete all the skills outlined in the rubric to receive the highest score in DOD.
- If a team has a total of 15 members, they are expected to stunt 3 primary stunt groups. 3 stunt groups executing the max DOD requirement would receive a 7. However, if a team has a total of 15 members and stunt 4 main groups with the required skills, they can receive a maximum of 8 for DOD points.

Maxing out in Secondary Partner Stunt/Tosses

- To max out DOD in secondary stunt/tosses, a team of 16 will be expected to do 5 secondary extended single leg stunts or throw 4 advanced tosses to receive a 4.
- If a team has a total of 15 members, they are expected to stunt 4 secondary extended single leg stunts or throw 3 advanced tosses to receive a maximum score of 3 for DOD.
- A team of 15 could max out DOD of 4 if they perform 5 single leg extended stunts. However, a team of 15 members would be unable to legally complete 4 tosses.



Coed

Coed teams will be required to demonstrate single based coed stunts during the **Secondary** Stunt sequence to receive credit in the Secondary Stunt category.

A coed squad consists of both males and females; or individuals of the opposite sex.

Unassisted/Assisted

For the Coed Secondary Stunts, Unassisted and Assisted will be defined as the following:

Level	Description					
Assisted	Any contact made to the stunt by any other member of the team. If another member touches the stunt prior to clearly hitting the intended position, then it is assisted.					
Unassisted	Stunt completed by only one person and without the help of any other team member. A stunt must hit at the intended position without any assistance or contact to receive full credit.					

Scoring Coed

Use these steps when judging Coed.

Step	Action					
1	Determine the number of males on the team.					
	Reference <i>Coed Stunt Groups</i> chart to determine how many males must stunt.					
2	Identify the skills performed by the required males on the team – primarily the skill of the weakest boy.					
3	Locate the lowest level skill performed by the males on the squad on the rubric, this identifies the highest possible Secondary DOD.					
4	Identify the <u>total</u> number of stunt groups the <u>entire</u> squad performed.					
5	Did the squad perform the required number of stunt groups for the highest possible DOD?					
	The highest-level DOD is always based on the Coed stunt, not the all-girl stunt.					

Coed Stunt Groups

Males serve as the primary base in a coed stunt group. The chart identifies the required number of coed stunts to execute during the **Secondary Stunt** sequence to receive credit in the Secondary Stunt category. The team is required to put up the same number of Secondary Stunts to score within a specific DOD category; however, each male will complete the coed requirement based on the chart below.

• Total Groups for Coed secondary stunts do <u>not</u> refer to the number of male athletes to be used. This refers to the number of stunt groups.

Number of Males on a Team	Number of Coed Stunts to Execute
1-2	1
3-4	2
5-6	3
7-8	4
9-10	5



Coed DOD

For a coed team to receive 2 pts, 3 pts, or 4 pts, they must show their coed stunt unassisted at some point. Squads can choreograph the stunt exactly the way it is listed or if they have skilled male athletes, they can choose to skip the prep portion if they show the harder skill, **fully unassisted**.

DOD Examples

All examples are assuming the other required criteria is met with the number of stunt groups and number of required males completing the stunt.

DOD	Description					
4	 A coed team performs a walk in or toss to a single leg extended stunt with no assistance or performs it exactly the way it is stated in the rubric. 					
2	 A coed team performs unassisted extensions to the top, not stopping at prep first. A coed team performs unassisted to hands/prep then assisted/unassisted to an extension. 					
1	 A coed team performs a stunt assisted at prep level or assisted straight to the extended level, i.e. – fully assisted extension to the top, or a fully assisted single leg stunt to the top with never showing anything unassisted. 					
	• Under the 1 category, everything can be assisted. To receive higher than a 1 they must do some part of the skill unassisted.					

Group Examples

Total Groups	Description					
5 Total Groups	• A team of 16 with 1 male athlete – to max out at DOD 4, they must put up a total of 5 secondary stunt groups <u>and</u> the 1 male athlete must complete the coed requirement. The other 4 groups can be all-girl.					
Total Groups	• A team of 16 with 10 male athletes - to max out requires 5 secondary stunts with 5 of those groups main based by 5 of the 10 male athletes.					
4 Total Groups	• A team of 15 with 4 male athletes – to score a DOD of 3, they must put up a total of 4 secondary stunt groups <u>and</u> 2 of the 4 male athletes must complete the coed requirement.					
3 Total Groups	• A team of 12 with 2 male athletes – to score a DOD of 2 , they must put up a total of 3 secondary stunt groups and 1 of the 2 male athletes must complete the coed requirement. The other 2 stunt groups can be all-girl.					

Coed - Scoring Zero

A squad could score a zero in the following scenarios.

- A team does not execute the number of required male stunts.
 - The number of required stunts from male athletes on a team do not fulfill the requirements of the rubric of assisted to hands/prep level, then assisted or unassisted extension.
- A team with 1 male athlete is unable to perform the day of competition, his stunt group does not fulfill the requirement of the rubric, or the stunt does not hit.
- The male athletes drop all required stunts that day.

Stunting Execution

When stunting, a fall is considered to the floor by a stunt team member, including bases, flyers, and spotters. When a flyer or stunt group falls, a team member must fall to the floor landing on a part of the body such as the hands, legs, knees, back, head, rear, elbow, hand, and so on. *See Fall definition*.

If a person lands on their feet, it is not considered a fall. It would be considered an early dismount and/or an execution error. This should be factored into the execution score.

The secondary stunt must show stability at the top before coming down, not show-and-go style. The stunt cannot just pass thru the top.



Basket Tosses

Will be scored in the Secondary Stunt skill area on the scoresheet. They are not required. A basket toss can be considered a high-level stunt when it is executed appropriately and safely. A team may score the top score for DOD or EXE without the execution of any basket tosses.

Pyramids

Two or more connected stunt groups built no more than two body lengths high. A squad of 16 will likely have a more intricate pyramid than a squad of 12.

Skills

If a squad performs the **same** skill multiple times it will still only count as one skill.

• A full up from load and a full up from straddle position will count as **one** advanced skill. The full up is the repeated skill.

Pyramid Skills							
Basic	Intermediate	Advanced					
Straight-up stunt to prep level or extension	Inversion from below prep level to prep level	True full-up to extended position					
Prep level stunts	True full-up to prep level	Ball-up to extended position					
Half-up to prep	Half-up to extended position	Switch-up to extended position					
Show and go	Switch-up to prep level	Inversion to extended position					
Single leg show-and-go	Faux full-up to extended position	Quick toss to the extended position					
Straddle sit	Quick toss to prep level	1½ around back to squish					
Splits	Invert from prep level to prep level	Vault					
Half around back to squish	Ball-up to prep level	1 ¼ full up to extended position					
	Full around back to squish	Release skills – loss of contact tricks					
	Flat back into stunt	in a pyramid such as a braced					
	Helicopter	High-to-high tick tock					
	Power press and other similarly difficult	Low-to-high tick tock					
	skills	Ball up					
	Invert from prep level to prep level or	Toe touch					
	load position	Full around					
	Up and over (leapfrog)	Forward flip					
		Backward flip					
	1 ¼ full up to prep level	Baja flip					
		Side-somi					
		And more					

Pyramid Execution

When a pyramid is attempted, and part of the pyramid is executed appropriately, then the team is given credit for any portion of pyramid that hits. Provided the pyramid reached the intended height, a fall in one stunt group of a pyramid would not prevent the team from scoring a Degree of Difficulty (DOD) score. Spacing issues, falls/missed elements on one side, and timing issues would be an example of elements that would be scored in the execution of the pyramid. Either side falling may result in a fall deduction if the fall goes to the floor.



Panel C – Partner Stunts Rubric

I a	Panel C – Partner Stunts Rubric Primary Partner Stunts							
DOD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	_	2 Total Groups	3 Total Groups	4 Total Groups	2 Total Groups	3 Total Groups	3 Total Groups	4 Total Groups
		Less than majority squad	_	diate dismounts.	. 	vanced dismounts.	Squad advanced dismounts.	
		Must include 1 believel or plus 2 body position being flexion	higher body positions plus 3 body positions executed at extens with 1 of them with 1 of them flexibility			skills to the extended position xtended position with 3 of them being lity skills.		
	1/2 Total Groups Must include 1 basic skill with limited or no flexibility/ body positions.	3/4 Total Groups Must include 1 basic skill with limited or no flexibility/ body positions.		2 body positions e	3 Total Groups Majority advanced dismounts. vanced skill to the ext executed at extended m being flexibility sk	position with 2 of		
			2 Total Groups	3 Total Groups	4 Total Groups	liis.		
			Majority interm	nediate dismount. Intermediate skills plu In the modern of the moder	Squad advanced dismounts. s 2 body positions			
EXE	1	 -2		3-5	-	i-8	9	-10
	Poor technique and dismounts, lacks fl precision	l timing, poor	oor Average technique, good tin		Above average technique, very good timing, clean dismounts, flexibility – good precision		Excellent technique and timing, very clean dismounts, flexibility – very good precision	
	3 or more dropped bobbles, falls, or n	_	2 dropped stunts; multiple bobbles, falls, or missed stunts. 1 dropped stunt; limited bobbles, falls, or missed stunts.		0 dropped stunts; no bobbles, falls, or missed stunts.			
			Seco	ndary Stunts/	Tosses/ Coed			
DOD		1		2		3		4
	1-2 Total extended single leg	al Groups g secondary stunt	3 Total extended single leg	Groups g secondary stunt	4 Total extended single leg	Groups secondary stunt	5 Total extended single leg	Groups secondary stunt
	1-3 Tota extended secondar	nl Groups y stunt	4 Total extended secondary	Groups y stunt	5 Total extended secondary	Groups y stunt		
	1-3 Tota prep-level seconda	al Groups ry stunt	4-5 Tota prep-level seconda	d Groups ry stunt				
	1 Total advanced tosses	Groups	2 Total advanced tosses	Groups	3 Total advanced tosses	<u>Groups</u>	4 Total Groups advanced tosses	
	1-2 Tota intermediate tosses	al Groups S	3 Total intermediate tosses	Groups	4 Total intermediate tosses	<u>Groups</u>		
	1-2 Tota basic tosses	al Groups	3-4 Tota basic tosses	d Groups				
	CC	COED COED COED		CC	<u>DED</u>			
	Assisted to hands/j assisted or unassist	-	Unassisted to hand assisted or unassist	hands/prep level. Then assisted extension. Unassisted to hands/prep level Then assisted or unassisted extended single leg/one-arm skill.		Fully unassisted completed to the extended position. Then assisted or unassisted extended single leg/one-arm skill.		
EXE		1		2	3	-4	5	5-6
	Poor technique and dismounts, lacks fl precision 3 or more dropped	exibility – poor stunts; multiple	very clean dismour average/fair precis	rage technique, good timing, not clean dismounts, flexibility – age/fair precision Above average technique, very good timing, clean dismounts, flexibility – good precision popped stunts; multiple bobbles, 1 dropped stunt; limited bobbles,		ounts, flexibility –	Excellent technique clean dismounts, fluorecision 0 dropped stunts; n	exibility – very good
	bobbles, falls, or n	nissed stunts.	falls, or missed stu	nts.	falls, or missed stu	nts.	missed stunts.	



Panel C – Pyramids Rubric

1 41	Paner C – Fyrannus Rubric Dywomids						
Pyramids							
DOD	1-2	1-2 3-4 5-6		7-8			
	Basic pyramid that includes 1 or more connected structures with 1 or more basic skills to the prep level position or above, lacking complexity Synchronized flyers not required	Intermediate pyramid that includes 1 or more connected structures with 3 or more intermediate skills to the prep level position or above Synchronized flyers not required		Advanced Pyramid that includes 2 or more structures with 2 synchronized flyers 3 advanced skills with 1-2 of the skills being executed to the extended position and performed by 2 or more synchronized flyers		Highly advanced pyramid that includes 2 or more structures with 2 synchronized flyers 4 advanced skills with 2 of the 4 skills being executed to the extended position and performed by 2 or more synchronized flyers	
	L)eterminin _į	g factors between the t	two scores in each ran	ge of DOD	•	
	Creativity	Use o		fflyers		Full team participation	
	Pace of the skills performe	d	Combinati	on of skills	T	Transition and flow of skills	
EXE	1-2		3-5	6-8		9-10	
	Poor technique and timing, sloppy and slow transitions; lacks synchronization – poor precision	not very clean transitions, needs good timing, clean transitions, good timing, goo		itions, good	Excellent technique and timing, excellent synchronization – very good precision		
	Several bobbles, falls, or drops; Multiple bobbles, falls, or drops; missed elements missed elements		Few bobbles, falls, or drops; few missed elements		No bobbles, falls, or drops; no missed elements		

2021 Competitive Cheerleading Official's Score Sheet Panel C – Partner Stunts/Pyramids



SCHOOL				NUMBER ON SQUAD		CLASS/ REGION		PANEL	
								\mathbf{C}	
PRIMARY PART	NER STUNTS								
Areas of EXE Improvement								SCORE	
☐ Missed Stunts	☐ Bobbles	□ Flyer F	orm 🗆 F	Formations		DOD			
☐ Dropped Stunts	☐ Precision	☐ Flexibil	lity 🗆 S	Synchronization	n DOD		8		
☐ Cleanup Dismou	unts □ Timing	☐ Stabilit	y □ F	Falls		EXE	10		
						Decima .5 permi			
SECONDARY ST	UNTS/ TOSSES/CO	DED							
	Areas	of EXE Improvemen	nt						
☐ Missed Stunts	☐ Bobbles	☐ Flyer F	orm 🗆 F	Formations		DOD			
☐ Dropped Stunts	☐ Precision	☐ Flexibil	lity 🗆 S	Synchronization	n			4	
☐ Cleanup Dismou	ints □ Timing	☐ Stabilit	y □ I	Falls		EXE	6		
☐ Toss Technique	☐ Toss Height	t				Decima .5 permi			
PYRAMIDS									
	Areas	of EXE Improvemen	nt						
☐ Flyer Form ☐ Flow		☐ Improv	e Transitions	Synchronized		DOD	8		
☐ Precision	☐ Missed Eler	ments Cleanup	p Releases \square 7	Timing		DOD			
□ Drops	\square Bobbles	□ Pace		Connections		EXE	10		
☐ Stability	□ Falls					Decimal of .5 permitted			
SUBTOTAL SCORE									
LEGIBLY SIGN YOUR FULL NAME									
OFFICIAL 5 SIGNATURE			OFFICIAL 6 SIGNATURE						



Section

6

Region and State Tournaments



Regional, Sectional, State Dates

The table below identifies the dates for Region, Sectionals, and State Finals.

Date	Event			
November 13, 2021	Region Tournaments			
November 13, 2021	All Sectionals			
November 19, 2021: Morning	State Championship Finals: 2A & 4A			
November 19, 2021: Afternoon	State Championship Finals: 3A & 6A			
November 20, 2021: Morning	State Championship Finals: 1A-Public, 1A-Private, & 5A			
November 20, 2021: Afternoon	State Championship Finals: 7A & Coed			

All state competition rotations for all divisions will be assigned by the GHSA office



Regional and Sectional Competitions

Region and Sectionals for all divisions will occur on November 13, 2021.

- Only teams which have competed in at least 3 sanctioned tournaments during the season in the division they declared are eligible to enter post season competition (*See GHSA Constitution and By-Laws; Regional/Sectional Competition, pages 54*).
- Each school is allowed to enter **one** team in the regional or sectional competition.
- There are no regional competitions for Coed, Single-A Private or Single-A Public. They compete only in sectionals.
- Host will be responsible for the independent drawing to determine the order of appearance for each division. In some cases, regions may draw their own order of appearance prior to the competition.

Regional and Sectional Procedures

The following table outlines the procedures to be followed for regionals and sectionals.

Step	Action					
1	By October 1 all rosters must be updated to ensure placements at region and state rotations.					
	 Roster substitutions may be made after this date with approval by the GHSA Director plus the Tournament Host should be notified. 					
2	Each classification will be split up to attend Region/Sectionals at a designated site. The top 8 scores in each classification at each site will advance to finals.					
3	The top sixteen teams in Coed Sectionals will advance to the State Championship.					
4	All 1A-Public schools and 1A-Private schools will compete in separate Sectional tournaments with eight (8) teams in each division advancing to the State Championship.					
5	A panel of officials to be used at invitationals, region, sectional, and state competitions will consist of six officials and one safety official. More than one panel of officials may be used if necessary, based upon the number of participating divisions. A division must be judged by a single panel. A single division may not be split between two panels.					
	Step Action					
	1	Regions and Sectionals will be assigned to a booking agent and officials will be assigned by the booking agent with the approval by the State Coordinator.				
	2	State Officials will be assigned by the State Coordinator with the assistance of the Booking Agents from each association.				
	3	Officials for region, sectionals, and state must meet all requirements of the GHSA and completed proper training approved by the GHSA State Director.				
6	Five percent (5%) of the gross receipts from the region/sectional competition must be paid to the GHSA office in a timely manner.					
7	All music should be cleared through the school administration.					





Regional and Sectional Assignments

The following table shows the Regional, Single A Sectional, and COED Sectional Assignments. COED and Single-A, Sectional panels will be assigned by GHSA.

Regional / Sectional Assignments						
Host School	Hillgrove High School	Buford High School	South Forsyth	Morgan County		
Host	Jennifer Spiegel	Stacey Schmuhl	Shayla Brawner	Denise Frost		
Host Email	Jennifer.Spiegel@cobbk12.o	Stacey.Schmuhl@bufordcity schools.org	SBrawner@forsyth.k12.ga.u s	Denise.Frost@morgan.k12.g a.gov		
Host Phone	470.899.3430	770.595.3101	770.558.5115	706.318.0363		
Regions/	7A: Regions 1, 2, 3, 4	3A: Regions 5, 6, 7	5A: Regions 5, 6, 7, 8	3A: Regions 1, 2, 3, 4, 8		
Sectional	Coed: Sectionals	6A: Regions 5, 7, 8	7A: Regions 5, 6, 7, 8	4A: Regions 2, 5, 7, 8		
	Regional / Sectional Assignments					
Host School	Putnam County High School	Vidalia High School	Houston County School			
Host	April Smith	Ann Toole	Jessica Brown Leaptrot			
Host Email	april_smith@putnam.k12.	Atoole@vidalia- ccityk12.ga.us	Jessica.Leaptrot@hcbe.ne			
Host Phone	478.414.6567	478.414.6567	478.278.6273			
Regions/ Sectional	2A: Regions 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 1A-Private: Sectionals 1A-Public: Sectionals	2A: Regions 1, 2, 3 4A: Regions 1, 3, 4, 5, 6	5A: Regions 1, 2, 3, 4 6A: Regions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6			



Sectional and State Championship Competition

Sectionals

- A random order of appearance will be drawn for the rotation of teams. The random order will be based upon the alternating rotations of each division.
- During the Non-Coed divisions in each competitive session, the routines will alternate classifications. The top eight (8) teams from each class advance to the State Championships.

State Championship

- Coed order is based upon final results at sectionals.
- Single-A Teams will alternate between the Single-A Private and Single-A Public Schools with Single A-Private rotating by sectional results first and Single-A Public rotation by sectional results next.
- In each competitive session, the routines will alternate classifications. *Rotations available following Regions*.

Flash Photography

Flash cameras or any other electronic equipment such as cell phones or iPads will not be allowed during competition.

- Signs will be posted at all entrances stating: No Flash Photography or Filming.
- No flashlights, spotlights, cell phone, or iPad lights of any kind can be used during the time a team is competing on the floor.
- Anyone using flash photography whether on a phone, camera or iPad may be removed from the competition.

Finances

- Admission cost will be \$12 per session.
- Net receipts, after expenses have been paid, will be divided with the GHSA receiving 40% and 60% divided among the participating schools.